Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869. | "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. | Terms: $1.50 per Year

Con titutional Conventions.

The passage of the act providing that at the general election in November a vote shall be taken for or against a Constitutional Convention recalls some interesting facts concerning past Constitutions of the Commonwealth. The first convention convened in Philadelphia on July 15, 1776, and finally adjourned on September 18, 1776 having ordained and established a Constitution without a vote of the people. The second convention to frame a Constitution for the state convention in Philadelphia on November 24, 1789, and framed a new Constitution, completing the same on February 26, 1790, and adjourned to meet on the 9th day of August following having provided for the publication of the same during the adjourment, and continued in session for a period of twenty-four days, carefully revising amending and altering the same and finally solemnly ordained and established a new organic law, with the following preamble: "We the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsyluania, ordain and establish this Constitution for its government."

The third Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania convened in Harrisburg on May 2, 1837, adjourned on July 14 to meet October 17, ; again adjourned November 23 to meet in the city of Philadelphia November 28, 1827, and finally adjourned February 22, 1838, making no alteration in the preamble to the old Constitutioc. The Constitution, as amended, was submitted to a vote of the citizen at the general election held October 9, 1838, and adopted by a majority of 1,213 votes, out of a total vote polled of 226,729.

The fourth Constitutional Convention, which adopted the present Constitution of the State, was convened in the House of Representatives in Harrisburg on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon, and was called to order by Francis Jordan, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Hon. William Morris Meredith, of Philadelphia, who had been a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1837, was unanimously elected President of the Convention. After perfecting the organization appointing the standing committees and completing its preliminary business, the Convention adjourned on November 27, 1872, to meet again in Philadelphia on January 7th 1873, having previously received from the councils an invitation to hold their sessions there, which was accepted. The convention reconvened on the date agreed upon and continued its sessions until July 15, 1873, when it took a recess until September 16, when it again convened, and continued in session until the present organic law was completed and arrangements made for submitting the same to the votes of the commonwealth for their acceptance or rejection by appointment of a special election held on Tuesday, December 16, 1873. The covention then adjourned on November 3, 1873, to meet in Harrisburg on December 30, 1873, to receive and count the returns of the election, The result of the vote was 332,119 votes for, and 69,728 against the adoption of the Constitution.

The convention was composed of 133 delegates, of whom 18 were elected from the state at large, 6 from the city of Philadelphia at large and 99 from the different senatorial districts of the state. Among the delegates to that Convention were some of the most learned and brilliant lawyers of the state as well as men who were prominent and successful in business circles, and whose knowledge in that was of incalculable benefit to the Convention. Among some of the more prominent members were William M. Merdith, ex-Governor Andrew G. Curtin, Chief Justice Woodward, ex-Governor William Bigler Judge Black, Wayne McVeagh, Malcom Hay, Franklin B. Gowen, Charles R. Buckalew, Lewis C. Cassidy, Silas M. Clark, Samuel M. Wherry, Mortimer F. Elliott, Henry Green, H. W. Palmer, George M. Dallas, George Lear, Henry C. Carey, Thomas E. Cochran and J. Price Wetherell. The oldest member of that convention was Henery C. Carey, of Philadelphia, who at the time of the assembly of the convention was in his 79th year. The youngest member was John H. Campbell, of Philadelphia, who was but 25 years of age. John Bardsley, the imprisoned ex-City Treasurer, of Philadelphia, represented the first Senatorial district—John S. Wightman in Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*.

Th County Convention.

In an other column will be found the official call of county chairman John M. Dale, for the holding of the Republican primaries on Saturday, the first of August, and the holding of the county convention on the following Tuesday, or August 4th. Though there are not many nominations to make yet the convention will not be without considerable interest, as conferrees are to elect whose duty it will be to meet other conferrees from the counties embraced in this senatorial district to elect two delegates to the Constitutional Convention. The only nomination to be made is that of Jury Commissioner; two delegates will be elected to the state convention, which meets on August 19th, and a county chairman will be elected.

The Grangers' Interstate Picnic.

The prospects for the meeting at Williams' Grove exceed greatly the most sanguine anticipations of the Management. Over 300 tents are already engaged and applications are coming in with every mail. Again we say to Grangers and Patrons, if you want a tent write at once. It is the policy of the Management to give members of the Order the first chance, but other applicants cannot be put off indefinitely, and in fairness to them, as well as to the Management, Grangers and Patrons desiring tents should send in their applications without delay.

New exhibitors are asking for space every day, and it can now be written down as a settled fact that the Grangers' Interstate Exhibition for 1891 will be the largest agricultural meeting ever held in this or any other country. We feel satisfied that those who have been attending this Exhibition for years will be surprised at the grandeur and magnitude of the display at the coming meeting.

The meetings held last year under the direction of the Committee on "Woman's Work in the Grange," were productive of such good results that this year the Management has provided a separate Auditorum for the holding of these meetings, so that they can be continued without interruption as long as may seem desirable. The sisters are particularly interested in these meetings; they have entire control of them and discuss such subjects as to them seems most appropriate. Every sister should try and attend these meetings and actively participate in all that transpires. These meetings we feel free to say will be the best ever held and from the Order will reap a rich reward.

The Sta e Insane Asylum.

The committee appointed to select a site for the location of the new Insane Asylum and confer with the commission appointed by the State relative thereto, met in the arbitration room on Tuesday evening. General Beaver. who seems to be taking quiet an interest in the movement, stated that he had been to see a number of locations and the one he found most suitable was out by Pleasant Gap. There the commission could be given everything they desire or the speicfications called for.

Several other locations were mentioned, at Snow Shoe Intersection, below Milesburg and above Boiling Springs, but none of them seemed to have all of the requsit s possessed by the site at Pleasant Gap.

General Beaver stated that Dr. Kerwin, of the Warren asylum, and who is chairman of the State commission to locate the new asylum, would be in Bellefonte this evening. While here he will be the guest of General Beaver. To-morrow, Thursday the home committee will take the Doctor in charge and he will be taken to see the various locations and different sites spoken of. A committee of six or seven will ac. company Mr. Kerwin. In the morning they will drive to Pleasant Gap, and the forenoon will be spent in that locality. The start will be made at 8 o'clock from the diamond. Returning to Bellefonte for dinner they will again go out in the afternoan. taking in the various locations in Bald Eagle valley.

A Sensible Criticism.

The wrecking of the morning express this a. m., at or near Howard, is a calamity so appalling that the security of railroad travel, in rural districts where cattle are allowed to run at large, is becoming more hazardous every day. Railroad companies fence their lines wherever it can be done and use every precaution to prevent accidents of every character. Nevertheless the cows continue to place themselves in the way of running trains, to the detriment of life and property. One human life is worth more than all the cows in Centre county, and it is a very great misfortune that the owners of cows and other cattle which cause such accidents cannot be tried in court and convicted of voluntary manslaughter and imprisoned accordingly.

The fact is that owners of cows in Centre county who allow them to run at large assume that other property owners have no rights which they are bound to respect. More especially is this the case in Bellefonte where filthy pavements, broken boardwalks and other nuisances on the public streets is an every day occurrence, to the detriment and disgust of civilization. Notwithstanding these facts, cow owners laugh at their victims and make railroad travel extremely hazardous as well as decency and civilization a mockery.

REFORMER.

AN ABLE ARTICLE.

Copper was known in the most ancient times for we read in Genesis where a great great, great grandson of Enoch, "Tubalcain, an instructor of every artificer in brass and iron," and in Numbers where "Moses made a serpent of brass;" in Deut of "a land whose stones are iron, and out of whose hills thou mayest dig brass"—a promise to the Israelites for obedience the Psalmist speaks of "gates of brass" and poor Nebuchadnezzar dreams of the image, part of which was made of brass meaning copper—every time as brass is composed of copper and zinc.

The word copper-the Hebrew nehosheth—is found only in the New Testament, in Ezra, where it reads "and two vessels of fine copper, precious as gold," and in II Timothy, "Alexander the copper smith did me much evil."

Many persons suppose that bronze was meant. It is claimed to be the first metallic compound used by man, yet nowhere in the Bible is the word mentioned while brass is used frequently.

The Greeks and Romans obtained most of their metal from a place called Tamasus, or from Mount Olympsus, on the island of Cyprus in the Mediterranean sea, also from the beautiful island of Euboea.

Cyprus having given the name to copper there is at present not a mine worked on the island.

On, for copper is accounted for by Aes Cyprium or Cuprium, which became abreviated to Cuprum-copper.

Atlhough there are about seventy species of copper, crystalli, zing in the six systems of crystallizations many are rare species most ly valuable as specimens. Copper as used in the arts is obtained principally from about eight species, native copper, three of the sulphides, malachite, a carbonate, chrysocolla, a hydrous copper vilicate, two of the oxides, cuprite and occasionally melaconite or black copper which is mined in the Mississippi valley. The varieties are innumerable; it is said that in one collection in Cornwall one thousand varieties are exhibited.

The specific gravity of native copper being the highest 8,8—8,45 that of the ores ranging from 2 in chrysocolla up to 5 in dioptase, a copper silicate.

It is claimed that the Phoenicians traded for tin at Cornwall more than five hundred years before copper was discovered. The miners were very much annoyed by a stony substance they called "poder" thinking it worthless of course threw it away and as a natural consequence large heaps accumulated, and even they sometimes vacated a mine when the "poder" was very abundant. In 1735 a gentleman from Bristol, Mr. Coster, observing the heaps of so called worthless material, agreed to remove them, and having some knowledge of mineralogy soon learned how to extract the copper from the ore, and thereby secured a fortune at the expense of the ignorance of others.

The copper at Cornwall occurs in faults or fissures in granite rocks, usually running east and west and even extending under the ocean. Salt water from the ocean finds its way to the bottom of the mine. The country is honey combed to a considerable distance.

At a very early day they employed steam engines to bring up the ore and rubbish, also in pumping out the wa ter of later years the mines are drained by an adit which is in all of its branches about, thirty miles in length. Also the ladders used in ascending and descendin g a mine have been largely replaced since 1842, by man engines.

Though the mines are usually under ground there was one in the Pary's mountains, in Anglesea, North Wales, which was exposed to day light and a person could see what a dreary, desolate place it was, and rendered more desolate by the sulphurous fumes arising from the copper; a bird would not venture to fly near the spot. The mines were unexpectedly discovered in 1768 although persons had been searching for mineral for a long time had given up in despair, at last rewarded.

Here in a very early day they secured copper by cementation—that is they made a pit and filled it with water and then put in old iron scrap. An acid having dissolved the copper has a stronger affinity for the iron, which it soon dissolves and is replaced by the copper, the copper thus secured is almost as good as native len.

The noted mines of Tahlun, Sweden, are so old that it is not known when they were discovered, a person visiting the mines as early as 1784 said it required four hours to visit the bottom of the mine. Swedish copper was for a long time considered the best, it is now excelled by the United States. Our famous native copper mines south of Lake Superior, in Michigan, are probably the richest in the world. In 1882 one eighth of the annual product of the world came from the noted Calumet mines where they employ 2,000 men.

The Nishne Tagilsk mines in Siberia are famous for their malachite, which is manufactured in St. Petersburg into furniture; tabletops, mantelpieces, etc. It is cut into thin slices and used as a veneering. Thirty men worked day and night for one year in making a pair of folding doors.

The ore is mined by blasting, the gangue is broken off by hammers. It is then crushed either by rolls or by stamps, screened and jigged.

For the dry method of extracting the metal from the ore it is first sorted—the sulphurets from those having little or no sulphur. The sulphurets are again subdivided according to other mineral present, so that the amount of copper is neither too rich nor too poor.

Calcined from twelve to twenty-four hours, until the sulphur is partly burnt off and the iron—which is present in the ore—and copper combines with the oxygen forming oxides.

Then fused in a reverberatory furnace and turned into pits of water, becoming granulated, coarse metal.

The calcining and fusing are repeated, the metal is turned into ingots and is called pimpled or white metal.

After being roasted, which differs from the other processes, it is again turned into ingots and receives its name from the kind of surface it presents after cooling; if smooth, is called bed copper, and shows tin is present. A pimpled surface indicates sulphur is present, receives the name of pimpled copper. If the copper is good and ready for refining it is covered with scales of oxide of copper and is called blistered copper.

The refining reduces the oxide into a sub-oxide, it will then bend without breaking and by adding a little lead, toughens.

The wet process of extracting copper from the ore originated in 1860. After the ore is burnt, ground and calcined it is washed a number of times and the solution put in tanks containing iron scraps. The copper replacing the iron is ready to be smelted into blistered copper.

Blue vitrol—acetate of copper—and nitrate of copper—verdigrise—are used in calico printing, thickened with some substance they act as a "blue resist" in printing the white spots on blue calico, now so much worn.

H. E. W.

Christian Endeavor Society.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor that has just closed its national session at Minneapolis is one of the most remarkable examples of modern religious growth. It is less than a dozen years old, but has organizations in nearly every state and territory in the union, with a total membership approximating a million.

The rapid spread of this society has been a matter of some concern by not a few ministers who have doubted the wisdom of its methods and even of its existence. They have thought they saw in it an organization which grew at the expense of the church, whose members were more interested in building it up than in promoting the welfare of the body over which the pastor presides.

The church papers a year or two ago contained numerous articles of this tenor, but they are becoming less frequent. As the society has developed, it is seen to have no object apart from that which equally concerns the church itself. As its name indicates, it aims to develop individual effort among professing Christians, and to enroll church members among the ranks of active workers. So far from its alienating the affections of church members by introducing a new claim for loyalty, it is seen that the most active and loyal Christian Endeavor people are also the most active and loyal church members.

The society to-day includes many of the most eminent ministers and Bible students in the country, of nearly all the Protestant denominations, and is one of the most aggressive forms of practical church work.

G. A. R. Encampment at Detroit.

The selection of the G. A. R. Encampment for 1891 fell to the fortune lot of Detroit. The encampment proper will commence August 3d and terminate August 8th. For those desiring to visit, what must each year grow more and more interesting, a gathering of war veterans, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets at a rate of one first class limited fare for the round trip going and returning by the same route. Excursion tickets will also be sold at one and a half cents per mile, short line distance, going by one route and returning by another. These tickets will be sold from July 31st to August 3d, inclusive, and valid for return passage to 18th, inclusive. The return limit on the tickets may be entended by depositing them with Joint Agent of Terminal Lines at Detroit, but will not, however, be good for any portion of return passage later than September 30th.

A SIGN OF PROSPERITY.

The New York *Press* remarks with warmth that it is hard to imagine that the signs of the business times can fail to be construed as encouraging. Gold, of which we have exported over $72,000,000 this year, is actually beginning to come back, though the $170,000 that came by the Umbria last week did not go far to neutralize the $300,000 shipped by the Scale. The latter, however, was foreign money which had been lying here idle, and was cabled for from Berlin, with an offer of a premium, the rate there being 3⅜ per cent. for discounts. Then, for the week ending July 11, the bank clearings in the country at large showed an increase over the corresponding week of 1890, for the first time since January 17 last, the average gain being 0.5 per cent. Thirtythree clearing houses gained and twenty-five lost. The largest gains, too, are at rather widely separated and representative points: Galveston, Des Moines, Los Angeles and St. Paul.

Iron production is increasing: there were 197 furnaces in blast July 1, producing 167,424 tons weekly, as against 267 on the first of June, producing 147,299 tons. And yet, so far is the market from sagging under this increased supply, that it is reported in a generally healthy condition. There is an improved demand for finished iron: the railroads are urging the steel rail mills for quicker deliveries of orders placed in May and June. Agricultural implement makers in the Chicago market are asking for deliveries of iron on contracts which do not go into effect till August, the crops having been so good that there stocks of finished goods are largely cleared up. Blooms and billets are considerably more active and consumers are more liberal in keeping up their stocks for fear of being caught by a rise. Very few founderies are running short time. Alabama has made its first shipment of large cast iron pipe to this part of the country. Apparently the importance of specializing its iron industries, instead of regarding a pig iron furnace as necessary a mint for the coining of gold dollars.

It is vacation season in the dry goods district, but there are plenty of buyers, and the vacation rule seems to be working both ways. The buyers do not leave big orders, but there are a great many small orders. There was a decided improvement in the store trade last week, and orders received through salesmen are putting merchants in a good humor.

Money is coming from the west a little less freely, and going out a little more freely. The *Commercia, and Financial Chronicle's* figures for the week ending last Friday were $3,506,000 received and $2,421,000 shipped, as against $5,224,000 received and $1,510,090 shipped in the previous week. This looks as though the tide would turn westward this week and although as the bank statement of Saturday showed, there is accumulating of idle money in the banks—the surplus reserve being $18,500,000—and although call money up again, and the city banks are not in the market for commercial paper. The Sub-Treasury operations are largely in favor of the banks. The Trow company's sale of stock shows that there is plenty of money looking for investment, only it does not seek railroad bonds and stocks, while London is selling them on account of the failure of another bank, cuppled by an overdose of Argentines. Money is higher in London, but no further serious trouble is anticipated from Europe, though a little more gold may go out this week.

Gold and Silver and Coal Miners.

The average earnings of men employed in the gold and silver mines of the United States are $725 a year. The latest report from a fairly representative coal mine shows the average earnings of the men employed in it to be $439. That is a difference of $286 a year. The actual time worked in the coal mine was 241 days. Assuming that the men in the gold and silver mines worked the same number of days, here is a difference of more than a dollar a day in the wages of the different classes of miners.

Living is higher at the gold and silver mines than at the coal mines, and there may be other reasons why the wages are higher, but allowing for all probable reasons of this, there is a good margin in favor of the miner of the precious metals. He is the best paid workingman that has been discovered so far in the present census.

Seeing that there are 268 mines idle—and these figures refer only to the large ones which made returns—it is not a wonder that in the silver producing region, where most of the idle mines doubtless are, is in favor of the scheme to make the Government buy all the silver there may be to sell. It would mean big wages to the miners as well as big profits to the mine owners. This country is producing 41 per centum of the world's supply of silver now, and if it had a sure market and its own price there is no telling how soon it might double the output. That is what the silver miners would like, whatever the rest of us thought of it. The coal miner would have to help foot the bill.

To Re rganize the P st Office Department.

The postmaster general has issued an order which is the consumation of his desire, as expressed in his first annual report, to reorganize the department, as well as the post office and transportation force outside of the department on business lines. The changes made in order are all in the direction of business, and mean a better application of business principles to the postal service. Under this order the organization of the post office department after August 1 will be as follows:

Under the first assistant: Divisions of salary and allowance, free delivery, money order, dead letters, correspondence and post office supplies and general executive work of the department.

Under the second assistant: Railway mail service, foreign mails, all forms of mail transportation, embracing star and steamboat routes, mail messengers and regulation wagon service. The adjustment division, having charge of the fixing the pay of railroads carrying United States mails, and the inspection division, which is charged, among other duties, with that of imposing fines and deductions for improper performance of the service; but which division must not be confounded with the division of post office inspectors, which has charge of all matters connected with the supervision of post offices, the examination of the same and all cases of frauds and deprelations.

Under the third assistant: The issuing of drafts and warrants and payment of balances reported by the auditor to be due mail contractors or other persons; superintendence of the collection of revenues of post offices; registered matter, and the general control and management of the registry system of the office, to which is attached also the division of postage stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards, classification of mail matter, the rates of postage and the entry of all second class publications and correspondence relating thereto, also the special delivery system.

Under the fourth assistant: The important division of the post office inspectors and the division of bonds and appointments.

"Law and Legal Tender."

We publish in full to-day the remarkable article from the pen of James Milliken recently published in the New York Tribune in reply to the monometalic argument of Edward Atkison in the May Forum. It is unnecessary for us to make any extended comments upon this article, as all will be anxious to read an argument which has attracted such universal attention from both the monopoly and reform press. The key note to Mr. Milliken's whole argument is contained in the following quotation:

"The doctrine that 'to coin money' means, of necessity, the use of metals is as arrant a piece of humbug as was ever promulgated by self- proclaimed scientists to mislead the minds of a busy and too confiding people. The time is present when the sham of such teaching should be exposed."

The one thing about Mr. Milliken's article which to some seems almost paradoxical, is the fact that it comes from the pen of a man who is himself a capitalist of great wealth and a large owner in several gold mines. He is the principal owner of the Savage Tunnel and the group of mines which it drains. To those who think all men are swayed by motives of personal interests, this may seem strange, but to us who know humanity better it simply proves that there are many rich men who place justice and social welfare above personal interests. EVERY REFORM JOURNAL IN THE UNITED STATES SHOULD PUBLISH THIS ARTICLE.—Deadwood (Dak.) *Independent*.

This should effectually shut the mouths of all those who are continually crying that Mr. Milliken advocates silver because he owns a silver mine, as Mr. Milliken does not own a silver mine of any kind whatever.

Important to Sheep Owners.

Judge White, of Indiana county, has recently ruled as follows: That persons hveing sheep killed by dogs must be paid out of the dog tax for that year, that no loss can be paid out by the school board until the end of the school year, and in case there is not a sufficient amount in the dog fund to pay all claims in full, then the claims shall be paid pro rata; that secretaries of school boards shall keep the dog funds separate from the school fund, and what is left at the end of the year to be turned over to the general school fund.

—Keep your eye on the newspaper and see which of the merchants want your custom and are sufficiently courteous to invite you to call.

PROTECTION FOR CRANKS

NO MORE PERPETUAL MOTION PATENTS.

Why the Government Stopped Taking the Fees of Certain Persons—It No Longer Allows Cranks to Waste Their Money.

The United States Patent Office is a liberal institution, and will grant patents for almost any thing or idea that can be conceived of, if the applicant can show originality of invention; but it will no longer grant patents on claims or specifications for perpetual motion machines.

The Patent Office until recently has issued yearly a grist of patents for perpetual motion machines. It has finally come to the conclusion that there is something more in this than taking the money of cranks—in fact, that credulous persons were being systematically robbed by alleged inventors of perpetual motion, who got out their patents only to deceive innocent persons. Until three years ago it was customary to take "first fees" ($15) from the perpetual motion cranks as well as from all other would be inventors. Then in course of time a letter was sent to the perpetual motion applicant telling him that his claim was based upon an irrational principle and that he must furnish a working model. Of course that was the end of the application. The model never came, and the fee remained in the treasury.

About three years ago Principal Examiner William L. Ancinbaugh went to the Commissioner and suggested that, as rejection of the perpetual motion claim was inevitable, it would be fairer to refuse the first fees of the claimants and to send them a circular immediately upon the filing of their applications telling them that no consideration would be given their papers until a working model was filed. This course has been pursued ever since. But repeatedly has the discoverer of perpetual motion been indignant at the rejection of his tendered fee. One way that has been adopted by the cranks to get around the rule intended for their benefit is to drop the claim of perpetual motion and put in the drawings for a "motor." Notwithstanding the policy of the Patent Office to save time and money for people, at least two or three claims of this character are put in every month.

Not long ago a Kansas man claimed to have set up the perpetual motion machine, and to have it in operation at his home. He wrote to the Patent Office to know if the affidavit of Senator Plumb would be accepted instead of the working model as the basis for a patent. The examiner felt obliged to refuse.

Sometimes the perpetual motion inventor appears with a pocketful of bearings and connections which he asks the examiner to accept as evidence that he has solved the problem; but the examiner insists that he must see the perpetual motion before he grants the patent.

Last summer a New York lawyer named Todd came all the way to Washington with parts of a machine and had quite a controversy with the Office because the patent was refused. He insisted that he had seen the machine in operation; that it was running day after day, and keeping a cider press going to boot. There was no deviating from the rule.

The lawyer went back to New York, saying that he would produce the machine. He was not seen again until the patent centennial celebration, when he reminded the examiner of the case, and told how he had been fooled. At the time of making application the lawyer really believed that his client had really discovered the long sought principle. But when he got back to New York and told that the patent had been refused the client confessed. The perpetual motion was no motion at all. Power was concealed in the cider press. It ran the press and the press made the perpetual motion machine go, too. The inventor had been charging 10 cents admission to see perpetual motion. He had fooled the public and his lawyer, and he hoped to slip through a claim.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

To Preserve Beauty.

Beauty that is lasting and really worth while is more or less dependent upon a good circulation. While a good circulation is made possible by correct pose, proper breathing, and the judicious care of the skin, something else is also necessary to insure the normal quality and activity of the blood; and this something consists in a combination of sunshine and exercise in the open air. Town dwellers have too little of these blessings, partly from circumstances and partly lack of wit. Exercise is the most important natural tonic of the body. Without it there can be no large, compact, muscular frame. It is as essential to physical development as air is to life, and an imperative necessity in the maintenance of beauty. To keep the complexion and spirits good, to preserve grace, strength, and ability of motion, there is no gymnasium so valuable as the daily round of house work, no exercises more beneficent in their results than sweeping, dusting, making beds, washing dishes, and the polishing of silver and brass. One year of such muscular effort within doors, together with regular exercise in the open air, will do more for a woman's complexion than all the lotions and pomades that ever were invented. Perhaps the reason why house work does so much more for women than games, is the fact that exercise which is immediately productive cheers the spirit. It gives women the courage to go on with living, and makes things seem really worth while.—[Dr. Louise Fiske Bryson.

Recreation is valuable only as it unbends us; the idle can know nothing of it. Many people leave off business and settle down to a life of enjoyment, but they generally find that they are not nearly so happy as they were before, and they are often glad to return to their old occupation to escape the miseries of indolence.

It is estimated that the wealth of the United States now exceeds the wealth of the whole world at any time prior to the middle of the eighteenth century.

ARTIST AND MAN.

Make thy life better than thy work. Too oft
Our artists spend their skill in rounding soft
Fair curves upon their statues, while the rough
And ragged edges of the unhewn stuff
In their own natures startle and offend
The eye of critic and the heart of friend.

If in thy too brief day thou must neglect
Thy labor or thy life, let men detect
Flaws in thy work! while their most searching gaze
Can fall on nothing which they may not praise
In thy well chiseled [illegible]. The Hien
Should not be shock[illegible] by the marbles'

SOME VERY ANCIENT BATHS.

A Model of Them Being Set Up at the Museum of Hygiene.

Dr. Wales is setting up at the Army Medical Museum, in Washington, a most interesting model of certain ancient Roman baths, the remains of which have recently been dug up at Bath, England, having been constructed at a period some little time before the birth of Christ. From a date so far back that history has no record of it the baths of Bath have been used for their medicinal effects. When the invaders from Rome came they built great structures on the spot, which for centuries have been buried beneath ruins. Lately the spade and the pickax have been set at work to dig out the remains, and most interesting relics have been exposed.

The model at the museum shows only a part of the original buildings, which are represented, so far as they have been unearthed, in the very middle part of the city of Bath, the present street crossing at a higher level. There is shown in the oldest built section a vast apartment that was heated by fires below, and in which the bathers of 20 centuries past enjoyed the pleasures of unlimited perspiration. Attached to this were warm plunges and a big cold plunge 60 feet in length.

Subsequently, as the building plans show, another great structure was added on, with a swimming tub 100 feet in length, wherein the bathers might disport themselves. Along both sides of this huge plunge bath were high couches of stone, upon which the swimmers might recline and be scraped with knives, in the old Roman fashion, by slaves.

Thus far the building described is prehistoric, but the next addition that was made to it is known to have been erected in the year 1627. It contains further provisions for bathing, of a similar nature, and to the whole has been added within the last few years a huge edifice that includes a "pump room," where people come to drink, and a number of single bath rooms, in which frequenters may find private quarters and tubs to themselves. Very interesting it is to observe the way in which these several parts of this ancient establishment have been added on, each one being at a higher elevation than the next of earlier date, because of the covering up of the old time buildings with the dust and ruins of centuries.

Grant and Sherman.

Like most silent men, General Grant was little given to witticisms. A writer in the Chicago *Tribune* relates an anecdote, however, which shows that he was not without ability to say bright thing on occasion. Grant and Sherman were discussing the plans of a campaign, when a third general, a brigadier, entered the tent—a good soldier, but notorious for his carelessness as to his personal appearance.

The brigadier finished his errand and went out. General Grant pulled upon his cigar for a few minutes in silence, and then said:

"Sherman, I wonder whom that man gets to wear his shirts the first week."

Grant and Sherman were diametrically opposite in temperament, but each believed fully in the other, and their mutual confidence and affection were never disturbed by any of the petty jealousies so distressingly common among army officers.

During the siege of Vicksburg Grant announced his determination to move to a point below the town. All the generals vigorously opposed the plan, and Sherman in particular gave it as his decided opinion that the movement would be fatal.

Grant had studied the situation thoroughly, and was not to be shaken in his resolve. At last Sherman drew up a formal protest, explained its contents to Grant, and asked him if he had any objections to sending it to General Halleck.

"Certainly not," replied the man of few words.

Grant's bold scheme was successful, as all the world knows, and after the capitulation of the city he said to Sherman:

"You remember that protest you wished me to have sent to the War Department?"

"Yes," answered Sherman.

"Well, here it is. I put it in my pocket. I thought any time would do. I'll send it now, or you may have it, just as you wish."

Sherman took it. Grant never referred to the matter again, and the circumstance was given publicity by Sherman himself.

What an Engineer Saw.

An engineer on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western says that recently during a storm he saw a huge ball of fire coming on one of the rails toward the engine. It looked about the size of a 12 inch football, and struck the driving wheels of the locomotive, and after running several times around them, crossed over on the axles to the opposite side of the track and went spinning away in the direction from which it came and vanished around a distant curve. The engine was not injured.

While we rightly rejoice in all the processes of civilization which tend to remove present difficulties and to make life and work simpler and easier, let us ever remember that they can be valuable to us only by enabling us to climb higher, to pursue nobler objects, to occupy fresh fields of activity, and produce finer results.

During an oil boom in Vanceburg, Ky., 900 acres of land sold for $10,000. The same tract was sold the other day for $469.

HOW TO BE PLUMP.

Some Suggestions to the Fair Girl Who Would Weigh More.

The maiden fair to see is mourning because she wants to grow plump, and the following excellent hints are given by an exchange:

She doesn't want to get fat; she simply wants to cover her bones with a pleasing layer of white, firm flesh that will make it impossible for anybody to call her an anatomical study. Now, she can't grow plump in a day or a week, and if she is willing to regularly go in for increasing her flesh she will have to be careful about it, stick to it, and not expect to see results at the end of the first week. Can anybody grow plump? Well, any woman not predisposed to extreme thinness and in comparative good health (for who has superlative health nowadays?) can, by care as to her diet and her temper, reach the state of plumpness she yearns for.

But first of all she musn't worry. Women who are nervous and worry over every trifle will always remain thin; as the Southern mammies say: "Dey fret de fat off their bones," which is true.

The young woman desiring to get fat must take life calmly; hurry about nothing; and as far as possible rest a great deal. If her nervousness is extreme, then she must apply to her physician, who will give her a sedative and a proper diet.

Brillat-Savarin, though he counted diet as the chief means toward increasing the flesh, says that sleep goes far to induce the making of it. A good hypnotic, and one that need not be feared, is a tumbler of milk taken just a minute before getting into bed, no matter how late the hour may be. Eat freely of green salads, putting upon them as much oil as you like, but giving up the vinegar. The man who counted gastronomy as a fine art recommends, first of all, that she who wishes to gain flesh should eat as much of the crumb of the bread as possible, leaving the crust for people who are reducing their flesh.

Drink chocolate or cocoa, eat eggs, cutlets, or anything else fancied for breakfast. At dinner take as much soup, fish, and meat as you like, but avoid acids and choose all vegetables having farinaceous qualities; but as many sweets as you choose. All dishes containing flour, eggs, and sugar in quantity are most desirable. Do not take cold baths or too much exercise, let the air you breathe be pure, but above all control your temper, as nothing will make you so angular or give your face such an undesirable look as the free indulgence in your own will. A determined little woman managed to get plump by following the rule of the little pig who said he got fat by "continued picking at the kitchen door."

Between breakfast and luncheon she had a cup of soup and some bread. Between luncheon and a 7 o'clock dinner, a cup of chocolate and a bun. Then she always carried some good candy in her pocket, and when she felt like it she ate a little bit.

But, after all, while you do obey this recipe exactly, unless you are amiable you will never grow fat. Laughing increases flesh, and a smile in time will save nine unpleasant feelings that might result in the loss of an entire ounce of the much desired dimpled flesh.

Fun in Greenland.

Colonel Henry Waldron, of the British Army of India, who has recently been in Greenland, says: "I imagined that Greenland was a dull place, but before my departure I learned that it was a country where too much excitement sometimes can be secured. I made the acquaintance of a captain of a whaling vessel, and the day after my arrival was invited to take a run across to the American shore for a walrus hunt. We went, and I do not exaggerate in the least when I say that I saw a drove of walruses numbering over 1,000. I never imagined the animal was fierce, and when I fired at one of them did not take the aim I would at a lion or a tiger. I soon learned, however, that a walrus to be avenged will tear through ice, overturn boats, and sometimes attack a whale ship. The bullet I fired into the one I picked out inflicted a wound that would have instantly killed an ordinary animal, but not so the walrus. He knew perfectly well where the shot came from and immediately made for me. I was in a little skiff and had it pushed up against a thick piece of ice that extended some distance from the shore. Almost before I knew what was happening the wounded beast had scrambled through ice and water and was beneath my boat. He thrashed around in the water for a few seconds and then the little skiff began to turn. I jumped to the ice just in time, leaving my rifle to sink to the bottom of the bay, and succeeded in getting on to a solid foundation. The angry walrus scrambled up after me, and I started for the shore. I slipped and fell, however, and immediately the beast was upon me. Fortunately my sea captain friend noticed my danger and hastened to my assistance. He was a short distance from me when the walrus started for me. The animal had fastened its teeth into my right arm and I was about to make further progress when my companion ran a whaling spear through the animal's body.

"The shot I had fired at him had penetrated the stomach, inflicting a mortal wound, but you would not have thought so had you seen him tearing around after me.

"The ivory tusks of the walrus on the coast of Greenland are 20 inches long and thick enough to make billiard balls, but the game is so fierce and fearless and so hard to kill that they are not molested for the ivory. But a trip to Greenland would not be complete without a walrus hunt, and a walrus head is considered good proof there of a sportsman's hardihood and courage."

Antony's Polite Reply.—"Go, Antony—go yonder where your hosts await you," said Cleopatra. "No, thanks," returned the Roman. "I'd rather stay with my hostess."

The goose may be a silly bird, yet it never tries to roost in a tree. Roost where you belong.

THE OLD BOAT.

A worn-out boat upon the shore,
The children's playground is it now,
The troubled deep it tempts no more,
It lies at rest like rusty plow.

And yet it basks in bright noontide,
It echoes gladly childish voices;
A sailor's wife leans here, and wide
Her outlook till her heart rejoices.

Here lovers meet when dusk draws near,
Their voyages have scarce begun;
Ah! may they keep vows true and dear,
Until their resting days are won.

For 'tis not every craft that lies
So calmly on a kindly shore;
And 'tis not every heart is wise
To cherish love when youth is o'er.
—[Beatrix L. Tollemache, in the Academy.

THE MAYSTER.

BY S. E. H. NEWING.

"You youngsters have no idea of the bliss [illegible] this same Jersey coast 60 years ago," he [illegible] Uncle Ben, after we had settled ourselves comfortably around him to hear the long promised, of our grandparents' start in life.

"There were no mammoth hotels thronged with excitement seekers in those days," he continued, "and the beautiful summer residences that now almost make a continuous city along the water front were undreamed of."

"The few hamlets that did exist were miles apart and inhabited solely by simple fisher folk content with their lot so be it a good catch rewarded their day's toil. The houses were mere huts compared with those of the present day, but they were comfortable and clean, for the mothers of that time were workers' whatever else could be said of them. Occasionally a grander house might be seen standing back among the trees on slightly higher ground and commanding a fine view of the sea for many miles. The occupant of such a house was generally the owner of a goodly share of the land along the beach, and he was looked upon as a sort of lord of the manor by the common folk and invariably called 'The Mayster o' the Great House.'

"Your grandmother was a bonny lass then, with eyes as blue as the sunkissed waves and hair—but why linger in description when that little old white haired lady yonder is just as sweet and lovable to-day.

"She was about 18 at that time, rugged and fair, and strong with outdoor exercise. It was expected of girls that they help father or mother, as the case demanded, and your grandmother was not slow in taking her full share of the duties falling to her lot. All the lads loved her, I think, and it was lucky for them that she was nothing of a flirt, or a sorry dance some would have had, I'm thinking. Her choice was soon made and known almost at once. Indeed, if it had not been an open secret Dick Darret's happy face would have given it away.

"There's an old saying that true love never runs smooth, and it would seem to be true in this case at least, for Dick, all too anxious of winning speedier smiles from Dame Fortune now that he was to share them with the girl he loved, decided to accept the proffered berth of second mate on a whaling vessel then ready for a three years' cruise, thus hoping the more quickly to claim the fulfillment of her promise.

"The whole hamlet was out in force the day the good ship sailed, many of the faces wearing a curious expression of cheerful melancholy under the strain of heroic efforts to smother the self anguish in the brave resolve to appear happy and hopeful, and say the 'God speed you' to a loved one going in such a way that only pleasant memories should remain.

"Now that it's the fashion to claim descent from almost any ancestry so that it be remote enough to partially cloud their misdeeds and clothe them with the honorable robes of time, it may not startle you—nay, doubtless you will all take a certain pride in the fact—that your great grandfather, when a young man, was driven out of Scotland for smuggling and that he sought seclusion of the Jersey coast because the ship bringing him to the new world was wrecked there, tossing him, apparently more dead than alive, up on the sandy beach, where willing though rough hands found him—the only survivor. I have no wish to dwell longer on his memory than is necessary to make plain that which is to follow. He stayed there, and married finally; winning his bread from the waters as his neighbors did, and except that he was a moody, silent man, and possessed of a most ungovernable temper, nothing particularly bad could be said of him.

"He never liked Dick Darret. Probably because the sunny, lightheartedness of the one jarred on the dark, brooding disposition of the other. So when Dick and Jean went to him with the story of their love on the morning Dick was to sail he flew into a furious rage and absolutely refused his sanction to any engagement between the young couple.

"'Ye can na' have Jean,' he said. 'She be proomised twa the Mayster o' the Great Hoose. Think ye I'd gie a bairn o' mine twa a lad wi' na better callin' an her fayther grows the poorer on? Na', na'; better things there be for our lass when she wed the Mayster o' the Great Hoose an' have her ane silks, an' satins, and servants waitin' her beck an' cull.'

"Very little could be said by the young people against this avowal of his to have Jean wed the Mayster o' the Great House, so they very wisely held their peace, making, however, stronger vows of faithfulness and love, come whatever would, during the years of enforced separation.

"I happened to witness the parting between them. Not that I had any desire to do so, but as such things sometimes occur, they stumbled on a favorite nook of mine where I often sought solitude and quiet to give vent on paper to those wild imaginings which have since made my name a familiar one in the world of fiction.

All unaware of my presence, Dick took her in his arms, and I, with a fairer sense of sympathy than most have in such cases, was loth to disturb them.

"'And you'll be true to me?' Dick was saying. 'True through all the long three years?'

"'I'll be true to you, Dick,' she answered bravely, 'for three years or for thirty.'

"He drew her closer and kissed the upturned lips almost reverently.

"'It's a good while to wait, little girl, and to withstand all the efforts that will be made to force you to this marriage with Mr. Thomley, Mayster o' the Great House.'

"'I can withst and them all, dear Dick, only that you return to me and that you cheer me with loving messages often as you can.'

"'That I will, my darling, and to lock your ears as Jacob of old locked Rebecca's against all false tales of him, I have brought you these.'

"He took from his pocket a pair of small gold hoops and fastened them in her ears.

"'Oh, Dick, the gun!' she almost gasped, as a small puff of smoke shot out from the ship's side, followed instantly by the dull boom of a cannon.

"'Yes, the gun; all hands aboard!' he answered cheerily; 'and now give me a long kiss for a long farewell, little love.'

"His forced gayety could not disguise the sad, wistful expression in the dark eyes nor wholly conceal the bitterness he felt at parting. She, poor girl, clung to him passionately for the few moments yet remaining. Then he unclasped her arms from his neck and bounded away to the waiting boat.

"Jean, with eyes half blinded by the dews of sorrow, stood like a statue and watched him haul it on board. Swiftly the sails unfurled and the great ship, like a graceful swan, gave to the breeze and moved slowly out to sea.

"It's a beautiful sight to see a goodly, full rigged ship riding at anchor, bathed in an autumnal sun, rising, falling on the never ending waves that impart to it a look of impatience to be off—a beautiful sight, indeed, when the great white wings unfold and this stately bird of the ocean moves gradually away until lost in the haze of distance.

"I think Jean failed to note its beauties just then, however, she was so broken by this new grief of parting.

"I used to meet her very often at the nook during the days that followed. She came to look upon the spot, I suppose, as a sort of connecting link between herself and her far away lover, and visited it the more frequently on that account. Later on I found Mr. Thomley about as regular in his comings, and I seriously contemplated a change of base for my musings, as they disturbed my best thoughts not a little. Then I commenced speculating on the final result of these meetings.

"I think we all have a fancy that a girl's love is influenced mostly by the splendor of the offerings held out, and Mr. Thomley's wealth to the simple minds of the fisher folk was something fabulous.

"True, I had witnessed her very evident distress at parting with Dick, but Dick was gone now, and, worse still, no word had come from him to the hungry hearted girl, although others on the vessel with him had embraced several opportunities of sending messages to loved ones left, as was well known, so why could not he? Then, too, an absent lover is a poor weapon to beat back the aggressive advances of a determined rival, backed, as in this case, by the express wishes of both the parents of the defenseless girl.

"What chance had she of standing firm against such odds? I pondered. Still I had a lingering hope that she would. Do you know how apt we are to side with the weaker party? The smaller dog invariably calls forth our sympathy, though we may know he was the cause of the quarrel and brought the fight upon himself. I suppose I sided with Dick Darret on much the same principle—he being the absent and less favored of the two.

"One day I found Jean weeping. A man can not withstand a woman's tears, and before I really knew what I was about I found myself trying to quiet her and learn the cause of her grief. It was a disconnected story mixed with a good many sobs, but I got the whole of it at last.

"Mr. Thomley had made the offer of his love, and being refused gently but very decidedly he had called on old Donald to advance his cause.

"The father, finding his arguments as little successful as the suitor's pleadings, at last gave way to his growing anger, and tainting her with ingratitude for the years of toil and worry lavished upon her, finally ending with a severe shaking and the brutal intimation that it would be followed by more harsh measures unless his wishes were complied with.

"Poor little Jean. Mentally hurt at such treatment, coupled with the fact of Dick's unaccountable silence and the near prospect of bodily injury, it was little wonder I should find her in tears.

"Early confession is good for the burdened heart, and she quieted down wonderfully after telling her story—grew almost cheerful, in fact, and before we parted that night it seemed clear to us both that the threat was due more to momentary anger and mental excitement than from any wish on her father's part to be unnaturally cruel or force her to a distasteful marriage.

"I saw very little of Jean after this for some weeks. The loveliness of autumn began to wane under the icy breath of the north wind, and winter, bleak and dreary, settled down upon us. Ill luck with the catch was a complaint heard on every side. I suppose there comes a time when even fish refuse to be caught.

"Those twins—hard times and want—followed quickly in many households, and made their dire presence sorely felt.

"More than his share, perhaps, of all these ills fell to the lot of old Donald Gray. Try as he would—and no man could say old Donald failed of trying—his efforts were for the most part fruitless and barren of results. What Jean suffered in these days we may never know. It was a period of the extremest torture to the faithful girl. Pleaded with and abused by turns. Entreated piteously at one moment to smother her finer feelings and consent to a marriage that would lift her poor old parents above the

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An Experience at Snow Shoe.

The Harrisburg *Daily Telegraph* relates the following experience of several colored men of that city during a trip to Snow Shoe, this county:

"There are very few people in this city or vicinity who don't know George Campbell, the jolly, good-natured colored citizen who has acquired somewhat of a reputation as a contortionist and fun maker. As an end man in a minstrel troupe George would be a bright and shining light. When he isn't working at regular employment Campbell, in company with other local colored warblers, of which there are not a few, pays visits to the various towns within a radius of a couple hundred miles of Harrisburg, and rakes in the shekels, singing and playing. About five weeks or more ago George in company with Nelson T. Green, the blind guitarist of West Harrisburg and Abe Harrison, the clever short stop of the Cuban Giants, who as a whistler has no superior—no, not even Mrs. Shaw—started out on one of these trips and wound up at a hotel near the summit of Snow Shod Mountain, not far from Bellefonte, where, as George says, "dey see a colored man about once ebery ten yeahs and frost a half inch thick in June is no uncommon thing." There they sang, played and danced for the amusement of the proprietor of the place, who was a very rich man, and his guests for several days. They were quartered at the hotel, fed well, and altogether, in the language of the kid, "were right in it."

"One incident of his visit to Snow Shoe, George never tires of relating, and many a one has been convulsed with laughter since his return hearing it. One evening the old proprietor who, besides his other live stock, owned several bear cubs and a number of deer, determined to have some fun with the trio of colored minstrels. So, after filling them pretty well with liquid refreshments, he had them all put to bed in one room, into to which he had unknown to them led several bear cubs which were tied in different corners. About five o'clock in the morning George woke up from a sound sleep, and looking out from under cover was horrified to see a young bruin glaring fiercely at him from a far corner of the room, the while endeavoring to escape fom the chain which held him and uttering low growls ever and anon over the fruitlessness of his efforts. What followed is best described in Campbell's own inimitable way: "Dere's no use talkin,' dis chile was neber more scared in all his born days. How'd I know but what dat animal would break loose any minute an' make mince meat out of dis chicken. My eye balls almost laid out on my cheeks, an' you bet I didn't lose any time makin' de rest aquainted wid de fak dat dey were in it' too. De first time I poked Harrison in de ribs he rolled over and said: "what's de matter wif you now, George; don't you know der's people around heah what wanter sleep?" I gib him another dig in de ribs, and said "Jes yo' look over dar in de corner, Abe an' yo' won't want'er sleep any more." Harrison took a look, and den puttin' his fingers to his mouth gib one of his loud whistles which woke up Green and brought de people in de house to de doah. De old man who put de job on us wuz thar an' wanted to know "what all dis rumpus was about." I says, "open dat doah and you'll soon find out." He opened it and den had de nerve to laugh and say: "Why, how did you fellows get to sleep in the bear cage all night?" Dat settled it wid me an' de rest ob de boys. Snow Shoe was too disagreeable a climate fore us entirely, an' we emigrated to Bellefonte, where, after serenading General Beaver, General Hastings and some moah ob de boys, we took de train foah Harrisburg, where all de year around an' wild animals are not known."

They Were Saved.

D. D. Bauch, of Johnstown tells some interesting stories of the flood at Johnstown in 1889, among which was a colored man and a German found themselves on a roof together. The German asked the colored man if he knew how to pray. The colored man said that he didn't know how, and his companion said that if he knew how to pray ne had better do so at once as they would certainly be drowned. The two men got down on their knees and the colored man said: "O Lord; if you want to save a nigger and a Dutchman, now's your chance." Both the men were afterward rescued.

—The Woman's Christain Temperance Union and Woman's Temperance Publication Association have applied though Josephine R. Nicholy, of Indianapolis, for 100 by 20 feet of space in which to make an exhibit at the World's Fair. Miss Nichols says these organization want to exhibit flags, banners, books and other publications, and numerous other things, all prepared by women, and also to establish operate a hospital and model crecha, at the latter of which women visitors with babies can leave them to be cared for while they see the sights.

A Big Snake Story.

One of the biggest snake stories of the season was told on Wednesday by Mr. A. W. Houser. Mr. Houser has just returned from Canada and he says that while in that land of absconding bank cashiers and presidents he killed a rattlesnake which measured four feet in length, ten inches in circumference and had forty-one rattles. Now if that wasn't an old time rattlesnake we would like to know of it, and we would also like to know of any one who had ever seen a bigger one.

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SICK

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HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

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For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES: A.A.—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation. B.B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism. C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges. D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms. E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia. F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache. G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages. H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases. I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange. J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

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In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for

Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,

and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

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(VITALLY WEAK). Made so by too close application to business or study; severe mental strain or grief; SEXUAL EXCESSES in middle life, or vicious habits contracted in youth.

WEAK MEN ARE VICTIMS TO NERVOUS DEBILITY or EXHAUSTION, WASTING WEAKNESS, INVOLUNTARY LOSSES with EARLY DECAY in YOUNG and MIDDLE AGED; lack of vim, vigor, and strength, with sexual organs impaired and weakened prematurely in approaching old age.

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$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

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PHILADELPHIA, PA. Call at once, no operation or loss of time from business. Cases pronounced incurable by others taken. Send for Circular. CURE GUARANTEED. Advice Free. Office Hours 9 to 4.

Funeral of Mrs. Levi Jones.

The funeral of Mrs. Nancy Jones, wife of Levi Jones, of Port Matilda, who met her death by falling from a cherry tree on the 19th inst., took place on Sunday. A short service was held at her late residence at 9 o'clock a. m., after which her remains were taken to the M. E. church, where the pastor, Rev. J. C. Young, delivered a very appropriate address, well suited to the occasion. The body was then conveyed to the Black Oak cemetery for interment, followed by a large concourse of loving and sorrowing friends, there being fully one hundred carriages in line.

The circumstances relating to the death of Mr. Jones, are very sad. Thursday morning she left home enjoying her usual good health, visiting the home of a neighbor for the purpose of gathering cherries. Shortly after getting into the tree her daughter heard a peculiar noise, and was horror struck to find that her mother had fallen to the ground, a distance of ten feet, and was in an unconscious state, dying soon after. The supposition is that she was seized with heart trouble, but that fact is not positively known. The deceased was well known, and held in high esteem for her many excellent qualities. She was a devoted Christian, having been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church for twenty years, and was a dutiful wife and mother. She was aged 58 years, 3 months and 13 days, and leaves an aged mother, a husband and six children—George, of West Virginia; Mrs. John Erb, of Philipsburg; Wesley, of Houtzdale, and Albert, Cromwell and Blanche, of Port Matilda.

An Aged Lady Gone.

Mrs. Daugherty, mother of Mr. Anson Daugherty, a resident of the German Settlement in Burnside township, died on Tuesday, July 14th, of paralysis. Mrs. Daugherty was eighty years of age. Her former home was in Kylertown, Clearfield county, but about a year ago she came to live with her son. She was loved and respected by all who knew her.

Her remains were taken to Kylertown on July 16th and intered in the cemetery at that place. The family and friends have the sympathy of the entire community.

Pine Glen Items.

A severe storm visited Pine Glen some few days ago. Old citizens were heard to remark that they never witnessed such a terrible thunder and lightning storm.

Lightning struck the large barn of the late Capt. White, burning it to ashes in a very short time. Mr. Nelson Watson got all his farming implements burned but succeeded in getting his horses all out. Had the rain not descended shortly after the barn was on fire not a building on the place could have been saved. Loss to the estate over one thousand dollars.

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A Shoe Dressing *must* restore the brilliancy of a worn shoe, and at the same time *preserve the softness* of the leather.

LADIES will the Dressing you are using do both? Try it!

Pour a dessert spoonful of your Dressing into a saucer or butter plate, set it aside for a few days, and it will dry to a substance as hard and brittle as crushed glass. Can such a Dressing be good for leather?

Wolff's ACME Blacking

will stand this test and dry as a thin, oily film which is as flexible as rubber.

25 Dollars worth of New Furniture for 25 Cents. HOW? By painting 25 square feet of Old Furniture with PIK-RON

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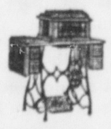

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Each Machine has a drop leaf, fancy cover, two large drawers, with nickel rings, and a full set of Attachments, equal to any Singer Machine sold from $40 to $60 by Canvassers. A trial in your home before payment is asked. Buy direct of the Manufacturers and save agents' profits besides getting certificates of warrantee for five years. Send for testimonials to Co-operative Sewing Machine Co., 269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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FOR MEN ONLY!

A LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, IMPOTENCY and NERVOUS DEBILITY, Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young, Robust Manhood Fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS OF BODY. Certain, safe, speedy, never failing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from all States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Many little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Jno. Benn, Toledo, Ohio. See us. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $100.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free. H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine

FITS or Falling Sickness CAN be CURED.

We will SEND FREE by mail a large TRIAL BOTTLE, also, a treatise on Epilepsy. DON'T SUFFER ANY LONGER! Give Post Office, State and County, and Age plainly.

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SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It.

Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure. Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts., by mail, 6 bottles, Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

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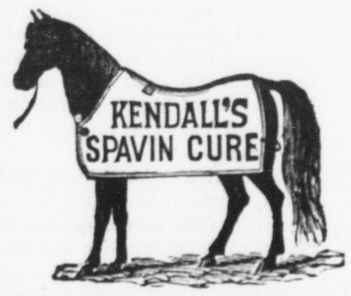
DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

BROOKLYN, Conn., May 5, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,

Sirs:—Last Summer I cured a Curb upon my horse with your celebrated Kendall's Spavin Cure and it was the best job I ever saw done. I have a dozen empty bottles, having used it with perfect success, curing every thing I tried it on. My neighbor had a horse with a very bad Spavin that made him lame. He asked me how to cure it. I recommended Kendall's Spavin Cure. He cured the Spavin in just three weeks.

Yours respectfully, WOLCOTT WITTER.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 4, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:

Dear Sirs:—I have been selling more of Kendall's Spavin Cure and Flint's Condition Powders than ever before. One man said to me, It was the best Powder I ever kept and the best he ever used.

Respectfully, OTTO L. HOFFMAN.

CHITTENANGO, N. Y., May 19, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,

Dear Sirs:—I have used several bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success, on a valuable and blooded mare that was quite lame with a Bone Spavin. The mare is now entirely free from lameness and shows *no bunch on the joint.*

Respectfully, F. H. HUTCHINS.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

MONROE, La., May 8, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,

Gents:—I think it my duty to render you my thanks for your far famed Kendall's Spavin Cure. I had a four year old filly which I prized very highly. She had a very severe swollen leg. I tried about eight different kinds of medicines which did no good. I purchased a bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure which cured her in four days.

I remain yours, MARION DOWDEN.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

TOBACCO

This standard brand of plug tobacco is acknowledged to be the best chew and the largest piece for the money in the market. *Vinco tin tag on each lump.* Its extensive sale for many years has established its reputation. There is nothing better. Try it. For sale by dealers and grocers.

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A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, *sent free.* Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE.

For the coming year will be noteworthy for a number of special features which the Publishers believe are of very unusual interest, and among them may be mentioned:—

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD

contributes to the December number the first of a series of four *Articles upon Japan*, its people, its ways, and its thoughts. Mr. Robert Blum, who was commissioned to go to Japan for Scribner's Magazine, has prepared a very remarkable series of drawings to illustrate Sir Edwin's papers. Articles upon the recent *Japanese Festival* will follow, illustrated by Mr Blum.

HENRY M. STANLEY

has prepared for the January number an important article upon "*The Pigmies of the Great African Forest.*" Another contribution in this field will be Mr. J. Scott Keltie's account of the recent *African Exhibition* held in London. Both papers will be amply illustrated.

THE WRECKER,

a Serial Novel by Robert Louis Stevenson and Lloyd Osborne will run through a large part of the year. Illustrated by Hole. A two-part story by Frank R. Stockton will also appear.

PROF. JAMES BRYCE, M. P.,

author of "The American Commonwealth," will write a series of *Four Articles upon India* embodying the results of his recent journey and studies on this land of never-dying interest.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

will be the subject of an important series somewhat upon the lines of the successful Railroad articles. "*Passenger Travel*," "*The Life of Officers and Men*," "*Speed and Safety Devices*," and "*Management*," are some of the subjects touched upon and illustrated.

GREAT STREETS OF THE WORLD

is the title of a novel collection of articles on which the author and artist will collaborate to give the characteristics of famous thoroughfares. The first, on *Broadway*, will be written by Richard Harding Davis and illustrated by Arthur B. Frost. Others will follow on *Piccadilly*, London; *Boulevard*, Paris; *The Corso*, Rome.

The price of Scribner's Magazine admits of adding a subscription to one's other reading at very small cost. Orders should be sent at once. $3.00 a year. 25 cents a number

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1891. 100 PAGES.

WIDE AWAKE

Beginning with the Holiday Number, is permanently enlarged to 100 pages, radiant with new and large type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

MRS. BURTON HARRISON, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in *The Century*, has written for *Wide Awake* a story called "Diamonds and Toads."

Hon. JOHN D. LONG (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of Our Government, for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

KIRK MUNROE, who lately lived for a time the life of a railroad man, in all phases from parlor car to cattle cage, has put his experience into a thrilling serial for boys called Cab and Caboose. Striking pictures by Edmund H. Garrett.

MARGARET SIDNEY'S new serial, Five Little Peppers Grown Up, will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Charles Mente.

MARIETTA'S GOOD TIMES will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

MISS MATILDA ARCHAMBEAU VAN DORN, a little girl who had a great many ancestors, is an irresistible little folks' serial, by Elizabeth Cumings.

UNUSUALLY INTERESTING ARTICLES, some elaborately pictorial: Dining with Gladstone, by Mrs. John A. Logan; Amy Robart's Embroidery, by Frances A. Humphrey; Mother Goose's Pets, by Agnes Reppller; Gypsies and Gypsying, by Elizabeth Robins Pennell; Some Horses that I Have Known, by Maud Howe; Sainte marie College of Wynchestre, by Oschr Fay Adams; Boston's Girl Sculptor, by Mrs. Newberry; The Sugar Crank, by Theodora R. Jenness.

SOME PEOBLEMS IN HOROLOGY, by E. H. Hawley of the Smithsonian Institute, Washington, will interest high school students—three sets of Cash Prizes.

The Best of short stories from thousands offered and solicited the past year.

The Landing of the Pilgrims, a fac-simile reproduction of Felicia Hemans's famous poem, from the original MS., now in Pilgrim Hall, Plymouth.

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Fine ballads by Graham R. Nomson, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Mary E. Bradley and Laura E. Richards, beautifully illustrated by Garrett, Sandham and Taylor.

The ever popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles Post-Office and Men and Things.

WIDE AWAKE is only $2.40 a year.

D. LOTHROP COMPANY, Publishers, Boston.

1891

Harper's Young People.

An Illustrated Weekly.

The Twelfth Volume of Harper's Young People begins on November 4, 1890. This best and most comprehensive weekly in the world for young readers presents a rich and attractive programme. In fiction there will be "Campmates; A Story of the Plains," by Kirk Munroe; "Men of Iron," a romance, by Howard Pyle, with illustrations by the author; "Flying Hill Farm," by Sophie Swett; "The Moon Prince," by R. K. Munkittrick; and "Yellowtop," by Annie Bronson King. In addition to these five serials, there will be stories in two or three parts by Thomas Nelson Page, Hjalmar Hjorth Boyesen, Edwin Lassetter Bynner, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Mary E. Wilkins, Nora Perry and others. Short stories, and articles on science, history, travel, adventure, games and sports, with hundreds of illustrations of the highest character, will render Harper's Young People for 1891 unrivalled as a miscellany of the best reading for boys and girls.

"The best weekly publication for young people in existence. It is edited with scrupulous care and attention, and instruction and entertainment are mingled in its pages in just the right proportions to captivate the minds of the young, and at the same time to develop their thinking power."

—New York Observer

Terms, postage prepaid, $2 a year.

Volume XII begins on November 4th, 1890.

Volumes VIII, X and XI, of Harper's Young People, bound in cloth, will be sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of $3.50 each. The other volumes are out of print.

Specimen copy sent on receipt of a two-cent stamp.

Single numbers, five cents each.

Remittances should be made by post-office money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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CLEMENT DALE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

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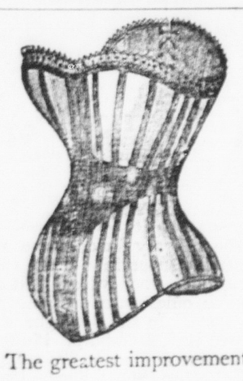
Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

Ask for 5/A Five Mile, 5/A Boss Stable, 5/A Electric, 5/A Extra Test

30 other styles at prices to suit every body. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

5/A LAP DUSTERS ARE THE BEST.

100 styles, prices to suit all. WM. AYRES & SONS, PHILADELPHIA. Sold by all dealers.



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Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets are made in twenty-four different styles, fitting every variety of figures—thin, medium, stout, long waists and short waists.

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UNPARALLELED OFFER!

Any person remitting $1.00 for four months subscription to the *New York Weekly*, will receive in addition, free of all expense, any 25 cent novel they may select from Street and Smith's catalogue, or any 5 novels and a full year's subscription to the *New York Weekly* for three dollars. Sample copies and catalogues furnished free upon application to STREET & SMITH, 31 Rose St., New York city.

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The County Fair, by Neil Burgess
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Prettiest of all, by Julia Edwards
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Trixy, by Mrs Georgie Sheldon
A Heart's Idol, by Bertha M Clay
Brant Adams, by Old Sleuth
Gold-Dust Datrell, by Burke Brenford
Muertalma, or the Poisoned Pin
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And 100 others

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SIX MONTHS	75
THREE MONTHS	40

If paid Strictly in advance the REPUBLICAN and Philadelphia *Weekly Press* One Year $1.50

Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Centre County will meet at their respective voting places in the several election precincts in the County on Saturday, August first, A. D. 1891, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention. The delegates chosen at that time will meet in Convention at the Court House in Bellefonte on Thursday, August 4th, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing one candidate for Jury Commissioner, 2 delegates to the Republican State Convention which meets at Harrisburg on Wednesday, August 19th, 1891, and to elect three conferrees to attend the conference of the Senatorial District for the election of two candidates for delegates to the Constitutional Convention and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention. Under the rules of the party, the number of delegates to which each precinct is entitled is as follows:

	NUMBER OF DELEGATES		
Bellefonte, N W	6	Haines, East P	1
" S. W	4	" West P	2
" W. W	3	Halfmoon	3
Centre Hall	1	Harris	2
Howard Boro	2	Howard Twp	3
Millheim	1	Huston	3
Milesburg	3	Liberty	4
Philipsburg—1st W	3	Marion	1
" 2d. W	4	Miles	2
" 3d. W	3	Patton	3
Unionville	2	Penn	1
Benner Twp	3	Potter North P	1
Boggs East P	2	" South P	2
" West P	4	Rush North P	4
" North	2	" South P	2
Burnside	2	Snow Shoe East P	4
College East P	4	" West P	2
" West P	2	Spring North P	3
Curtin	1	" South P	3
Ferguson East P	2	" West P	3
" North P	3	Taylor	2
Gregg, North P	1	Union	3
" South P	2	Walker	3
		Worth	3
Total number of delegates			120
Necessary to choice in nomination			61

The primary for delegates will be held under the supervision of the District Committeemen, who will see that the proper election officers are designated and in attendance. In the Boroughs of Bellefonte, Centre Hall, Milesburg, Philipsburg and Unionville and in the Townships of Howard, Potter, Snow Shoe, Union, Rush, Spring, Boggs, Worth, Harris and Ferguson the polls will be open at 7 p. m. and close at 9 p. m., and in the remaining townships will open at 2 p. m. and close at 4 p. m.

W. L. MALIN, Secretary.

JOHN M. DALE, Chairman.

County Executive Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county for the year 1891:

JOHN M. DALE, Chairman, Bellefonte, Pa.
W. L. MALIN, Secretary.

DISTRICT.	NAME.	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	H P Harris	Bellefonte
Bellefonte, S W	T Donachy	Bellefonte
Bellefonte, W W	G W Rees	Bellefonte
Milesb'g boro	A T Boggs	Milesburg
Millheim boro	Jno F Harter	Millheim
Centre Hall boro	W I Shoop	Centre Hall
Howard boro	Robt Cook, Jr	Howard
Philipsb'g, 1st W	S S Crissman	Philipsb'g
Philipsb'g, 2d W	Dr J W Dunwiddie,	"
Philipsb'g, 3d W	Capt Harry Simler,	"
Unionville	Jos P Barton	Fleming
Benner twp	G H Hastings	Bellefonte
Boggs twp, W P	C P Stonerode	Milesb'g
Boggs twp, E P	J M Parker	Roland
Boggs twp, N P	Jno L Croft	Milesburg
Burnside twp	Sam'l Bechtel	Moshannon
College twp, E P	I Armstronong	Lem
College twp, W P	P D Foster	State College
Curtin twp	Wm Robb	Romola
Ferguson, W P	Jno G Bailey	Fairbrook
Ferguson twp, E P	J B Goheen	Pa. Furnace
Gregg twp, N P	I Smith	Farmer's Mills
Gregg twp, S P	T M Gramley	Spring Mills
Haines twp, W P	Dr C S Musser	Aaronsb'g
Haines twp, E P	Chas E Bressler	Feidler
Half Moon twp	Dr T Tobin	Stormstown
Harris twp	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Huston twp	Dr J A Thompson	Martha
Liberty twp	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion twp	S H Bennison	Walker
Miles twp	W T Miller	Rebersb'g
Patton twp	G Mattern	Buffalo Run
Penn twp	S M Ulrich	Coburn
Potter twp, N P	Jas Gregg	Centre Hall
Potter twp, S P	A McCoy	Potter's Mills
Rush twp, N P	D Kinkead	Philipsb'g
Rush twp, S P	S White	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe twp, E P	J I Yarnall	Snow Shoe
Snow Shoe twp, W P	J A Yerger	Moshannon
Spring twp, S P	M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring twp, W P	W H Poorman	Bellefonte
Spring twp, N P	John Tate	Bellefonte
Union twp	J C Barton	Fleming
Walker twp	Henry Robb	Nittany Hall
Worth twp	Thos Weston	Port Matilda

Shut-Down at Steelton.

HARRISBURG, July 22.—When the people of Harrisburg awoke this morning, about the first news they heard was the announcement of the shut-down of the Pennsylvania Steel Works at Steelton, owing to the trouble over the scale of wages presented by the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers. Meetings were held at Steelton during the night, and at 6 o'clock this morning there was a parade of the members of the Association, headed by a band of music. Sheriff Keller was on the ground shortly after 6 o'clock with twenty-five deputies, ready to preserve peace. He made a brief speech to the men, counseling good order, and was greeted with cheers. Up to noon everything is quiet. This morning the machine shop, boiler shop, foundry and frog department, and Blast Furnace No. 3 are in operation with a full complement of men. All the other departments are closed. It is reported that the company will soon endeavor to resume in the idle departments with non-union men.

"Osteler" Thrown Overboard.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 20.—Mrs. James Brown Potter and Kyrle Bellew have dropped into double harness. Letters just received from China so state. Mrs. Potter recived a telegram that her husband had secured a divorce, and as there were no other impediments she decided China was as good a place to be mrried in as any. A dispatch from New York discredits the story.

Three Shots Were Fired.

Chicago, July 22.—Three shots from a revolver in the hall of the board of trade at 11.15 o'clock this morning created a tremendous sensation. A slight man, with dark eyes and a haggard appearance, stood a short distance inside the entrance to the hall, with a large revolver in his hand, firing toward the lofty ceiling when general attention was thus directed to him.

Business was instantly brought to a standstill, and the crowd, who were at first frightened and then angry, rushed at him, crying "Hang him! Lynch him! Kill him!" The man was overpowered in a moment, before he could continue his fusilade, and after the angry prokers had cooled off somewhat he was turned over to the policemen.

Subsequently it was learned that the man's name is Atkins, and that he came to the board to see Thomas Wells, of the International Packing company, about a claim which he makes. Wells referred him to his attorney and Atkins, without further parley, stepped upon the floor of the Exchange, drew his revolver and began firing as described above.

Robber and Murder.

PAILADELPHIA, July 22.—A special to the Record from Hazleton, Pa, says that Mrs. Garoyer went huckleberrying this morning and left her 13-year-old daughter at home to mind the baby. When she returned early in the afternoon she found the door of the house locked. Summoning assistance, she broke the door open and was horrified to find her daughter dead upon the floor in a pool of blood, her throat cut from ear to ear and a large carving knife close beside her head. Her clothing was torn in numerous places and at the waist. It was supposed that some fiend had attempted to outrage the girl, and being unable to overcome he had cut her throat. It was soon discovered, however, that the box containing the savings of the family had been rifled of its contents and the theory is that the murderer was discovered in the act and to screen himself added murder to theft. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the crime.

Every Guilty Man Will Be Punished.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 19.—Governor Pattison was asked Saturday if any action had been decided upon by the administration in connection with the recent developments in the Bardsley case, and also if he had received any communication from Auditor General McCamant in reference to his alleged connection with the rebate division. "I have not seen or heard from the Auditor General," said the Governor, "and the whole matter is in the hands of the Attorney General. I can assure you this," continued the Governor, "that civil actions for the recovery of the State's money will be instituted and pushed until the resources of the law are exhausted, and, further, that every person who is criminally connected with the affair will be criminally prosecuted."

A Texas Killing.

GONZALES, Tex., July 21.—On Saturday night, at Hamon's store, twelve miles distant, a negro named Ned Nobles tried to shoot David Dubose with a Winchester, which he failed to discharge, and the negro was killed by Dubose. At the time most of the white citizens of the neighborhood were away from home at a camp-meeting. A message was sent to them, and nine persons left for the scene of trouble. On their approach a negro rode by them and fired both barrels of a shotgun into the crowd, wounding Sid Johnston a deputy shertff. Dubose had come in and surrendered to the sheriff. It has not been ascertained who wounded the deputy.

Base Ball Yesterday.

The following games were played yesterday by the National league and American association clubs.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Washington—Boston 11 Washington 0.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore 12, Athletics 8.

At Cincinnati—St. Louis 10, Cincinnati 2.

At Columbus—Louisville 0, Columbus 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Brooklyn 5, Boston 11,

At New York—Philadelphia 2, New York 0.

At Chicago—Cincinnati 8, Chicago 16.

At Cleveland—Pittsburg 4, Cleveland 6.

Three Lives Lost.

SAGINAW, Mich., July 21.—The boiler in the planing mill of E. G. Perkins, at Lake View, fifty miles west of this city, exploded yesterday afternoon, killing E. G. Perkins, Rebert Gregory and a 3-year old boy and injuring Charles Beecher and three others. The mill was completely wrecked. Low water caused the explosion. Portions of the boiler were thrown 700 feet, cutting telephone wires and damaging several other buildings.

The Next Game.

The next game of ball to be played in Bellefonte will be on next Wednesday when the P. R. R. club, of Harrisburg, will be here and cross bats with the home team on the glass works' meadow grounds.

COULDN' RESIST HIM.

Detroit Free Press

He came into the office of a merchant on Jefferson avenue, and with a cheery "Good morning," as if a familiar friend, pulled a chair up near the desk and sat down. The merchant eyed him for a moment and quietly remarked:

"Well?"

"Yes, thank you" he replied, with a smile. "I hope you are well also."

It almost jarred the merchant out of his chair.

"I didn't ask you whether you were well or not," he said, getting hot, "and it is none of your business as how I am. What do you want?"

"I want a million dollars and a palace and a yatch and a four-in-hand," he rattle away.

"Confound you," angrily exclaimed the merchant, "what do I care what you want?"

"I don't really know, "he answered in the best humor imaginable, "but I presume you did care or you wouldn't have asked me."

"Come, come," stuttered the angry merchant; "this is past endurance. You are a perfect stranger to me, and you come in here and take up my time and talk like an idiot. What did you come here for?"

"For a few minutes only, "said the visitor serenely, and with the same placid demeanor.

"Oh, did you?" and the merchant jumped out of his chair and started for him. "Well, if you don't get out in two minutes, I'll break your head for you."

"Now—now—you are talking business," calmly responded the visitor, "Go right on and break my head, and my arm and my leg. That will lay me up for at least twelve weeks, and I'll get $50 a week from the finest and surest, and the most reliable and richest. I represent that company."

"Don't you want a policy with us? Dead sure snap on $50 a week, if you are injured by any accident, and $10,000 spot cash, and no commissions if you get killed. I carry two policies myself, and when I hear a man talk about using me as you threaten to do I fairly beam with joy, and hope breaks out on me in great blotches I have been——"

"For heaven's sake!" interrupted the victim, "shut up! How much is a policy for a year? Give me one quick, and get out before I commit suicide and stick your company for the full value."

Ten minutes later the victim was in the net and the captor had departed with his gall for the next one.

Then, and Now.

Then, women were contented with their rights,
And didn't strive for rights of men.
But that time has long since passed—
This is *now*, and that was *then*.

Then. It was scarcely thought.
A woman could flourish the author's pen.
But minds have changed long since—
This is now, and *that* was then.

Things have greatly changed,
Even in years so few as ten
I wonder if we appreciate—
That *this* is *now*, and *that* was *then*.

AMICUS.

The Great Test Case Decided.

Soon after the sitting of the General Conference in York in 1889, the seceding faction under the name of the true [?] United Brethern Church, brought suit to recover the great publishing interest of the church, located at Dayton, Ohio, valued at over half a million dollars. After many delays the hearing of both sides of the question was completed about three weeks ago. The Judge of the District Court, three in number, held the case under advisement until July 20, when they gave decision in favor of the Liberals.

Death of Samuel Hull.

Mr. Samuel Hull died this morning at his residence on Allegheny street, just above Bishop. Mr. Hull was aged 67 years. He leaves a wife and seven children—four sons and three daughters—all grown up, to mourn his death; The funeral will take place Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—Wonder if the owner of the cow which caused the wreck at Howard on Wednesday morning, and thereby caused the death of a man, will claim damages from the railroad campany?

Hope for Him.

How often do we hear a parent say of a mischievous boy: "I would not mind so much if I could only believe him." Whatever his other traits, truth is essentially the touchstone of a boy's character. The following case in point appears in the *Christian Leader:*

"I don't know that you will be able to do much with him," said a father to the principal of a school, to whom he had brought his son as a pupil, "he is so full of mischief."

"Does he tell the truth?" asked the principal. "Can I always depend upon his word?"

"Oh, yes," said the father, "he is honest, he will tell the truth, even when it is against himself; you may depend upon that."

"Then we can manage him," said the principal. "He will make a reliable, manly man."

Hrs. Stokeham, of Townville, S. C., is said to be cutting her third set of teeth. She is "103 years old, and is hale and hearty, looking good for many years yet."

There is a constantly growing demand that other people be good.—[Atchison Globe.

BETTY AND THE BABY.

My home seems deserted, I'm lonely and sad,
I miss all the pleasures of home I once had.
I try to be cheerful, I fail to be glad,
Since Betty left home with the baby.

I sit in the rooms, and I read, and I write,
I whistle and sing, but the only delight
That is mine is to joyfully dream every night
Of Betty, who's gone with the baby.

It seems that a mother's sweet face I can see
As I dandle the baby in joy on my knee;
But no man was ever more lonesome than me
Since Betty's been gone with the baby.

The house is a picture of silence and gloom,
As I walk through its halls that are still as a tomb,
Like a crazy man, silently searching each room
For Betty, who's gone with the baby.

She has "gone to see ma," and it's many a mile;
Every day that she stays seems a terrible while,
And I'll never be happy or able to smile
Until Betty comes home with the baby.

—[Will S. Hays, in Louisville Times.

JAPANESE PIPES.

Smoking Has Been Reduced to a Fine Art in the Land of the Mikado.

To be quite Japanese we will begin by taking from our girdle the little brass pipes and silken tobacco bags, filling the Kiseru, and inhaling one or two fragrant whiffs of the delicate Japanese tobacco. In their use of the nicotian herb, as in many other things, the Japanese display a supreme refinement. The rudest coolie, the coarsest farm laborer, equally with the lady of rank, the pretty geisha, and the minister of state, are content with this tiny pipe, which does not hold enough to make even Queen Mab sneeze. They stuff a little rolled pill of the fine cut leaf into a bowl smaller than the smallest acorn cup, thrust it in the glowing charcoal, and inhale deep into the lungs just one fragrant whiff of the blue smoke, which they expel by the mouth and nostrils. Then they shake out the little burning plug into the bamboo receptacle, and load up again for a second ippuku, valuing only the first sweet purity of the lighted luxury, and always wondering how we can smoke a great pipeful to the "bitter end," or suck for a half an hour at a huge Havana pura. "Kiseru no shita ni doku arimas!" they say—"At the bottom of a pipe there lies poison." Much fancy and fashion are displayed in the appurtenances of the pipe. Ladies carry them in little long embroidered silk cases, with silken pouches attached, fastened by an ivory, bronze, silver, or jeweled clasp. Men wear stuck in their girdles a pipe sheath of carved ivory, bone, or bamboo, and the pipe itself may be a small, commonplace article of reed and brass or an exquisite object in bronze, silver, or gold worked up with lovely ornament in lacquer or enamel.—[Sir Edwin Arnold.

Don't Meddle With Strange Dogs.

There are people who have the bad habit of meddling with what does not concern them; and there are children who have been taught no better than to touch, if they can, whatever takes their fancy. These are the people bitten by dogs. Not once in ten thousand times does a dog molest a person who minds his own business, no matter how crabbed the dog may be. If, however, you are bound to approach and touch a dog, do it properly. There is only one way. It is this: Put out your hand easily and confidently to the dog, so that he may smell it. Put it to his nose. If he sniffs at it, and wags his tail, or otherwise shows friendliness, then you may speak to him, and pat him on the head if you like, and perhaps use other familiarities. But if, when you offer your hand, the dog remains sullen and passive, the sooner you take your hand away the better. Never approach a strange dog with either timidity or menace. But, as we have said, the best way is to let all strange dogs alone, and get any desired information about them from those who have the honor of their personal friendship.

Two Enticing Letters.

Two interesting letters—one written by Thackeray, the other by Dickens—were sold in London the other day. Thackeray's letter contained this characteristic bit concerning Bulwer:

"I have no sort of personal dislike (not that it matters much whether I have or not) to Sir E. L. B. L. On the contrary, the only time I met him, at the immortal Ainsworth's years ago, I thought him very pleasant; and I know from his conduct to my dear little Blanchard that he can be a most generous and delicate minded friend. But there are sentiments in his writings which always anger me, big words which make me furious, and I can't help rebelling. My antipathy don't go any further than this, and it is accompanied by a great deal of admiration."

Victor Hugo and his wife are thus sketched by Dickens:

"I was much struck by Victor Hugo himself, who looks a genius, as he certainly is, and is very interesting from head to foot. His wife is a handsome woman, with flashing black eyes, who looks as if she might poison his breakfast one morning when the humor seized her."

A Lamp for Photographers.

A French inventor has recently constructed a portable electric lamp that promises to be of much service in photographic development. Three bichromate cells are contained in a single large jar, and it is from them that sufficient energy is produced to maintan a five volt lamp. The zincs are arranged so that they may be raised or lowered as the light may be needed. At the side of the jar is a reflector containing the lamp. This reflector is movable on a horizontal axis, so that its rays may be sent in any desired direction. The glass over the reflector is red, but any other color may be substituted. The brilliancy of the light may be regulated by the depth to which the zinc poles are plunged into the bicarbonate solution.

Dearborn street, Chicago, near the post-office, has one 12, one 13, two 14, one 15, and two 16 story buildings already, and a third 16 story sky scraper is going up as

Will Never Walk the Golden Streets.

The woman who runs her husband in debt, goes to church to show her bonnet, comes home to talk about her neighbors, and ruins innocent lives by harsh criticism—will never walk the golden streets.

The man who steals from his house at night and hies himself off to fish in a chartered stream while the owners thereof are dreaming of the safety of the "protection policy"—will never walk the golden streets.

The barber who waters his bay rum, uses the same towel on five different men, averages four lies to every man shaved, and studies during his leisure intervals how to skillfully use his tongue on the next fellow—will never walk the golden streets.

The girls who become so depraved as to spend their evenings in carousals with drunken men, who prefer the saloon to the church, the society of the gambler to that of the christian, who swear instead of sing—will never walk the golden streets.

The politician, who was once boosted by the man now running for office, but who is now working for the other fellow, and driving the deserted candidate into poverty and his family into rags, is showing base ingratitude and—will never walk the golden streets.

The man who boasts that he makes $500 yearly by discounting his bills in the city, and forgets to pay the printer, who has to pay an excess on every bill because this *prosperous* man has his money, and who forgets his statements when handed him—will never walk the golden streets.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Flectric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man," J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease of life. Only 50c. a bottle, at C. M. Parrish's. Drug Store.

An unusual offer—the one that's made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Unusual, but made in good faith. It's a reward of $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh. If you have one, the money's for you. But you can't know whether you have one, till you've tried Dr. Sage's Remedy. What's incurable by any other means, yields to that. By its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, it cures the worst cases, no matter of how long standing. That's the reason the money can be offered. There's a risk about it, to be sure. But it's so small that the proprietors are willing to take it.

The symptoms of catarrh are, headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once.

IT'S SPORTEE! IT'S SPICEE! IT'S SPUNKEE

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THE ORGAN OF HONEST SPORT IN AMERICA.

All the sensations of the day pictured by the FOREMOST ARTISTS OF THE COUNTRY
Life in New York Graphically Illustrated.
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Published ever Wednesday, dated Saturday.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, June 24, 1891.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$1 00
Mixed wheat, per bushel	95
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	50
Rye per bushel	00
Corn (shelled)	70
Corn (ears)	70
Oats	50
Barley	60
Cloverseed, fair to good	4.00
do prime and extra prime	4.40
do choice	4.80
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5 00
Hay choice mixed, per ton	9.00
" prime timothy " "	9 50
" choice " " "	10 00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	15
Green apples, per bushel	3 00
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	10
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	13
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12½—14
Country Bacon	8
Lard, leaf, per pound	10
Lard, country, per pound	8
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	1 25
New Potatoes, per bushel	2 00
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	20
Country Side, per pound	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	10—12—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½—15
Lemons, per dozen	40
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	1 00
Roller Flour, per sack	1 40

Peculiar

Many peculiar points make Hood's Sarsaparilla superior to all other medicines. Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the full curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom. Peculiar in its strength and economy—Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said, "One Hundred Doses One Dollar." Medicines in larger and smaller bottles require larger doses, and do not produce as good results as Hood's. Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Peculiar in its "good name at home,"—there is now more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in Lowell, where it is made, than of all other blood purifiers. Peculiar in its phenomenal record of sales abroad, no other preparation has ever attained such popularity in so short a time, and retained its popularity and confidence among all classes of people so steadfastly.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is Peculiar to Itself

Do not be induced to buy other preparations, but be sure to get the Peculiar Medicine,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

What's Come to Stay?

Old Honesty PLUG CHEWING TOBACCO

WHY?

Because it's the Chewer's delight
Just what he wants
and will have, now that he can get it.
It's the finest in the market.
Gives a delicious and lasting CHEW.

Get a sample from your dealer.
John Finzer & Bros.
Louisville, Ky.

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

R. J. SCHADD & BRO.

Shop at Steam Works, corner of Lamb and Spring streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

We are prepared at all times to furnish all kinds of supplies—hydrants, sinks, bath tubs, water closets, pipe—both lead and cast and wrought iron, either plain or galvanized—brass and other fittings, and everything in the plumbing line.

WORK DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.
LOWEST PRICES AND ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Telephone connection.
ap15-1y

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in College township, on or about the first of June, a white brood sow, supposed to be about two years old. No ear marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the same away or it will be disposed of according to law.

HIRAM THOMPSON.
jy 23—t3 State College, Pa.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
111 & 113 N. Broad St., abv. Arch,
PHILADELPHIA PA.

Terms: - - $2.00 Per Day.

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Most centrally located Hotel in Philadelphia. Remodeled and refurnished; fitted up with all the modern improvements. Only five minutes walk from Broad street station and but a square from the public buildings.

No better accommodations in the city than at the "Columbia." f12

S. D. RAY.
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office on High street. 13-2tf

Bellefonte's Industries.

THE OUTLOOK FOR MORE WORK GROWING BRIGHTER EVERY DAY.

The stagnation which has been put on all business in Bellefonte by the inactivity of so many of the important industries in and around the town promises soon to be lifted, judging from appearances, and a normal state of business affairs again come into existence.

According to all information the nail works will resume operations some time next week, probably on Monday. The resumption will include every department in the works, and all on full time.

The Bellefonte Furnace company seems to be making preparations for an early resumption although none of the officials will admit anything of the kind. Mr. Shoemaker, when questioned as to how soon they would start up, replied he couldn't tell. Then smiling, he said, he would tell us some day before long just when they would start. From this it is to be inferred that the works will be put in operation again in the near future, just the day and date is uncertain. We were informed, however, that a number of laborers arrived in Bellefonte on Wednesday who came here to work at the Bellefonte furnace when it was put in blast. If this information is correct, and there is no reason to doubt it as it came from reliable parties, it would seem as if the starting of the works was only the question of a few days. It is to be hoped this is the case.

And now as to the glass works. We stated a few days ago that these works would start promptly on the first of September. Since that we have been informed that this is the case providing, however that the company do not conclude to put in a tank to use instead of the pots, which have been used in the past.

Mr. Munson said the other evening that they had not yet fully decided whether to run the works as they are or to put in the tank. To do the latter would necessitate an outlay of from five to eight thousand dollars, but after the tank was once in it would almost increase the amount of labor about onehalf and glass could be manufactured with less fuel and other expense than it took under the old system. It is evident that the tank would be the most economical in the end. Should the company decide to put one in, it will delay the starting of these works probably a couple of weeks, maybe longer.

From the above, it will be seen that there is every prospect of good times, plenty of work and lots of money in Bellefonte before many more weeks have passed away.

4 Mothers, 10 Children.

These children are being brought up on Castoria. Read what the mothers say about Castoria. There is no opium, morphine or other narcotic substance in Castoria. The formula is printed on the wrapper of every bottle. It is perfectly harmless, pleasant to take and positively effective. Physicians prescribe Castoria, mothers give Castoria, and children cry for Castoria. It gives the child health and the mother rest.

"I certify that little Robbie Hale, of 466 Portland Avenue, St. Paul, was a thin, crying baby from his birth until he was given Castoria. He began to improve from the first week's trial. Has taken 13 bottles; is perfectly well; weighed 30 pounds the day he was 7 months old, and when this picture was taken. Robbie's changed condition has caused many mothers to use Castoria. It is the best thing for babies I have ever known."

FANNIE MULLEN, Professional Nurse.
466 Portland Ave.,
St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 4, 1887.

"This is a picture of my twins, Charlie and William. It was taken when they were 5½ months old. They weigh 16 pounds each. I am indebted to Castoria for their uniform good health.

MRS. HERMINE SCHULZE.
1629 Lexington Ave.,
New York, May 18th, 1887.

"I enclose you photograph of my 'triplets, 2 boys and 1 girl—Maggie, Pete and Willie. I owe their health and strength to Castoria. It was through my neighbors' urgent appeals that I commenced its use, as both my boys were thin and inclined to be sickly. At present they are fat and hearty, they weigh 8, 8½ and 9½ pounds, and are 2 months and 3 days old."

MRS. MARY KLINGER.
726 Cortland Ave.,
New York, May 23d, 1887.

"I enclose you photograph of my quartette, 4 girls. They are now 2 weeks old. The smallest weighs 5 pounds, the others 8 pounds each. My other children have all gained health and strength from the use of Castoria, and I have already commenced giving it to my little darlings."

MRS. ANNA DEGROOTE.
Millbury, Mass., Nov. 15, 1888.

JAMES SCHOFIELD HEARD FROM

BELFAST, IRELAND, JULY 14, 1891.

EDITOR DAILY NEWS:—

Dear sir:—This morning I send you two papers published in this city, they may contain some news of interest that you might reproduce for your many readers. This is a great city and big hearted people. I do wish the people of Bellefonte and Centre county could see what a commerce Belfast has. It would give them an idea of what *Commerce* means. The two staple industries I might mention is ship building and the linen trade. These two give employment to more than fifty thousand people. This week is a holiday and everybody is enjoying it. No work is done, but all persons tattend picnics and other places of amusement. I wish you would give to your readers the "Editors View on Emigration and Wages in England, "as published in the *News Letter*.

Respectfully Yours.

JAS. SCHOFIELD.

Cheeky Tramps.

On Monday night three tramps made a habitation of Gross' barn out on Willow Bank. From all accounts they must have been a bold trio. It is said that they created pandemonium among the various things stored in the barn, but in the morning was the time they displayed their cheek. Going to the house they stole a bucket and returning to the barn they milked the cow, drank the milk and threw the bucket away. The rascals were not apprehended.

Obeying Orders.

Youth's Companion.

Mr. Chittenden tells an anecdote in his "Recollections of President Lincoln," which illustrates how ready the President was to obey orders. Mr. Chittenden had gone out to Fort Stevens, anticipating an attack on Washington from the Confederate forces under General Early. As he entered the fort he was surprised to find there President Lincoln and Secretary Stanton.

A young colonel of artillery, the officer of the day, was in great distress, because the President would expose himself. He had warned Mr. Lincoln that the Confederate sharpshooters had recognized him and were firing at him, and a soldier near him had just fallen with a broken thigh. The officer asked Mr. Chittenden's advice, saying that the President was in great danger.

"What would you do with me under similar circumstances?" asked Mr. Chittenden.

"I would civilly ask you to take a position where you were not exposed."

"And if I refused to obey?"

"I would send a sergeant and a file of men, and make you obey."

"Then treat the President just as you would me or any civilian."

"I dare not. He is my superior officer; I have taken an oath to obey his orders."

"He has given you no orders. Follow my advice and you will not regret it."

"I will, said the officer "I may as well die for one thing as another. If he were shot I should hold myself responsible."

He walked to where the President stood, "Mr. President," he said' "you are standing within range of 500 rifles, Please come down to a safer place. If you do not, it will be my duty to call a file of men and make you."

"And you would do right my boy," said the President, coming down at once "You are in command of this fort. I should be the last man to set an example of disobedience-"

The President was conducted to a place where the view was less extended, but where there was almost no exposure.

LITERARY NOTE.

A new feature of the publications of the University of Pennsylvania is the series entitled "Wharton School Studies in Politics and Economies," the first number of which has appeared with the title "The Recent Development of American Industries," by the Class of '91. Works on Political Economy as a rule, drew their illustrations from an industrial state which has, to a large degree, passed away at the time of their writing. The student of them fails, therefore, to get a true idea of the then existing industrial conditions. The monograph in question is free from this defect each member of the class having written up some one industry, to which he had given sufficient attention to insure that the most recent phases of its development are at least briefly noticed.

A list of the subjects treated will be of interest as suggesting the general plan of the work: The Steel Industry, The United States Merchant Marine, The Carpet Industry, The Worsted Industry, Cotton Manufacturers, Electricity, The Sugar Industry, The Felt Industry, The Canning Industry, Meat Products, Improvements in Locomotives, Gold and Silver Mining New Industrial Centers.

University of Pennsylvania Press, Philadelphia, price. paper. 50 cents.

Marriage Licenses.

Michael Cashom and Rozo Bercoweck, both of Spring township.

Martin R. Brower, of Union twp., and Hannah M. Lucas, of Boggs twp.

George Shyler and Emma Bane, both of Millheim.

Andrew Kusnia and Esrea Arzo, both of Snow Shoe.

Daniel R. Simon and Susan Winters, both of Rebersburg, Pa.

The Voice of the People on Wine.

It is a well known fact that wines above all other liquors are grossly adulterated, and when a pure article is placed on the market and people find it out to be pure, they all with one voice recommend it. The Port Grape Wine from the vineyards of Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., has received the unqualified endorsement of the medical faculty and of thousands of invalids who have been won back to health by their use. For sale by druggists.

A Good Cleanser.

A few days ago Mr. Harry Baney, agent for a large soap house, invaded our sanctum and opening his satchel made us a present of a number of sample cakes of "Miller's Favorite Tar Soap," which he said he would guarantee to take off all the ink, paste, etc., with which one becomes besmeared around a printing office. We have tried the soap and can now recommend "Miller's Favorite Tar Soap." as able to do all that is claimed for it.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE BY—C. M. Parish.

A Big Catch.

As everybody knows a party of Bellefonte are encamped on the Bald Eagle below Howard fishing for bass. On Monday Mr. John Anderson went down to try his luck and a special to the DAILY NEWS this morning said that Mr. Anderson had not been there an hour until he made the biggest catch of the season—a four-inch cat fish. Congratulations, John.

—We have been informed that a move is now on foot to complete the Beech Creek railroad up Bald Eagle from Lock Haven. A resident of that city said on Wednesday that he felt positive that work on the same would be commenced within a few months and that he would not be surprised if the cars were running on the road within a year. This seems too good to be true and may only be the story of some one who wants to make Bellefonte feel good.

Letter List.

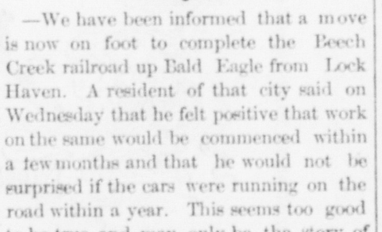
The following letters remain uncalled for in the postoffice July, 20, '91.

L. P. Bagnarelli; William H. Baird; James Corl; Anna M. R. Fichthorn; Kate M. Gibson; Alice S. Hunter; W, R. Holmes;

When called for please say advertised.

J. A. FIEDLER, P. M.

—Mr. John D. Sourbeck, has engaged to handle the entire peach crop of Mr. William Alexander, which will be about 1000 baskets. These will be the best peaches in the market as they are all off of nice, thrifty young trees. Mr. Sourbeck expects an instalment of the fruit on Saturday.



Had the Desired Effect! H.

MANVILLE, R. I., March 8, 1891.

I, the undersigned, suffered from epilepsy for 6 years, had no appetite and could do no work whatever; consulted a number of doctors, but all said there was no remedy for my disease. I then took Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and am now in perfect health, and work all the time. Thousand thanks to your remedy.

PHILIP MONGEON.

95 PROSPECT ST., NEWARK, N. J., March 2, 1891.

I got some of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic for nervousness and sleeplessness and it helped me; the first time I took it I had the best sleep I had had for several months. I also know friends of mine who used it and say it is the best nerve tonic they ever used. I write this that some sufferer may use your medicine and be helped by it.

MRS. J. MURPHY.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

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ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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FINEST FACTORY IN UNITED STATES
ALWAYS READY FOR
Quick Shipments of FINEST PIANOS AND ORGANS
DIRECT TO YOUR HOMES.

From Rev James M Potts, D D, editor of the Michigan *Christian Advocate*, Detroit Michigan To say that we are delighted with the piano, does not express the fact. We are jubilant. If all your instruments are as fine in appearance and as pleasing in tone as this one, your patrons will rise by the hundred.

From Mrs A G Silverheels, Corydon, Warren county, Pa.: We are well pleased with the organ. Good tone and found to be as represented. jy23 1y

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Reported up to 2 o'clock, by

DE HAVEN & TOWNSEND,
BANKERS,
423 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Stocks Bought and Sold and carried on favorable terms

PHILADELPHIA, June 25, 1891.

	Bid	Asked
U S 4½'s, coupon	100	⅛
" 4's "	117½	⅝
Pennsylvania R R	50½	¾
Philadelphia & Reading R R	14⅝	¾
Lehigh Valley R R	46⅜	½
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co.	46¼	⅜
National Lead Trust	17⅝	¾
Missouri Pacific	66¾	⅞
Northern Pacific Com	23¾	⅞
" Prefered	66½	⅝
South American Company	12⅝	
Union Pacific	43¼	⅜
Western Union	79⅞	⅜
Richmond Terminal	14⅜	⅛
Louisville & Nashville	72¼	⅝
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	31⅜	¼
Delaware, L. & Western	135½	⅝
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	62¾	⅛

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Quick Sales and Small Profits.

The EUREKA CASH GROCERY, Bush Arcade Block, is the place to buy Groceries GOOD AND CHEAP. We have always been selling goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES but now we intend to do better than ever and will sell goods at prices that will astonish everyone. Times are hard and we cannot expect to make much. Below we quote you a few of our prices to show that we mean business.

3 cans of Corn for 25 cts.; 3 cans of Peas 25 cts.; 3 cans of Lima Beans for 25 cts.; 6 bars of Soap 25 cts.; Coffee 23–25–26–28–35 cts. per pound; 1 package Mince Meat 11 cts.; Mixed Tea (a number one quality) only 40 cts. per pound; Soup Beans 6 cts. per quart.

The above is a fair sample of our prices. Call and be convinced.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.
HIGH STREET, - - BELLEFONTE.
M. P. TUTEN, PROPRIETOR.

E Pluribus Unum.

Detroit Free Press

He slushed into a saloon on Jefferson avenue, and coming to a dress parade with his front resting on the counter, said to the man behind the white apron:

"Got any of the elixir of life?"
"Yep," responded the barkeeper.
"Fountain of youth?"
"Yep."
"Golden glory of joy?"
"Yep."
"Nectar of the gods?"
"Yep."
"Distilled delight?"
"Yep."
"Liquid tenderness?"
"Yep."
"Fluid extract of perfect happiness?"
"Yep."
"Angels' food?"
"Yep."
"Essence of the tasseled field?"
"Yep."
"Oil of gladness?"
"Yep."
"Hope of my soul?"
"Yep."

"Well, gimme 'em all," he said, laying down a quarter, and the bartender, without a single question, reached under the counter and handed him out a bottle of genuine old bourbon, and he took it eagerly.

The Never Failing Remedy.

Those who continue to suffer with contagious blood disease, after having gone through the usual course of treatment, have one consolation: They can fall back on the never-failing specific, S. S. S. Sometimes they suffer from the disease itself, and sometimes from the effects of the treatment itself, especially if mercury and other mineral poisons have been employed. In either case they can find an infallible remedy in S. S. S. It would be better to take advantage of the remedy before undergoing other treatment, as thousands have done and are doing, but it is not everybody's foresight that is as good as his hindsight.

Fortune in Lace.

The man who has charge of the lace department in one of the principal retail house over on State street has been rolling in lace, metaphorically, until he has at the end of his fingers and on the tip of his tongue every fact in connection with that delicate fabric. For instance, he says, what every woman wants to know first, of course that a woman living in the City of Mexico has the most valuable collection of lace in the country, the same being $800,000. The women folks of the Vanderbilt family consider theirs worth $500,000. The latter collection contains rare laces from Belgium, Germany and Austria. The former of rare bits from every celebrated maker and of fragments once owned by every royal family in Europe. The Astor family estimate their laces to be worth $300,000. Mrs. A. T. Stewart estimated hers at $200,000. Mrs. Vice President Morton consider hers worth $200,000. Mrs August Belmont, Mrs. ex-Secretary Whitney have costly and rare collections in lace. In Chicago there are no very large collections, but many are rare.—*Chicago Tribune*,

LA GRIPPE AGAIN.

During the epidemic of La Grippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved, but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Trouble.

Trial bottles free at C. M. Parrish.
Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c. and $1.00

Delamater in the Pulpit.

Portland Oregonian.

There arrived in Portland yesterday a man whose name was prominent in the political world last fall as the names of McKinley, Joseph G. Cannon, and other Republican leaders who suffered defeat. He is G. W. Delamater, the late Republican nominee for Governor of Pennsylvania, who was defeated by Robert E. Pattison. He will be in Portland several days the guest of George W. Staver, of Staver & Walker. To-morrow morning and evening he will occupy the pulpit in Taylor street church.

Mr. Delamater's home is in Meadville, and he is a banker. His trip to the West is for rest and recreation. Since his arrival here he has made many inquiries about Portland, its schools and public institutions, and seems to be satisfied of its prosperity. To a reporter he said yesterday that Portland looks strong and substantial, and appears not to have been boomed to a disastrous extent. Mr. Delamater did not care to talk politics very much.

A New Invention.

Mr. George Rodgers, of this place, has a part interest in an automatic attachment for air brakes which, if adopted, would undoubtedly do away with the great number of the accidents on railroads that are occurring every day. It is so arranged that whenever a car goes off the track that instant all the brakes are set and the train stopped. The Baltimore and Ohio railroad company is considering the adoption of Mr. Rodger's patent, which it will likely do, and we have not the least doubt but that its introduction will mean its universal adoption by all roads using air brakes.

—A move is now being made to establish free Mail delivery service in every town in the United States, and it seems only a question of time until every farmer and resident of the country will have his mail delivered at his door once every day.

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.

DR. LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
Good Blood, Good Health.
The Blood Searcher is the safest Purifier ever known. Best Tonic. Cures Boils, Pimples, Tetter, Ulcers, Black Heads, and all bad Blood. Sold by Druggists.
The Sellers Medicine Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HEISKELL'S OINTMENT, JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO. HEISKELL'S OINTMENT FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & CO PHILADELPHIA.

TO CURE SKIN DISEASE OF ANY FORM
USE HEISKELL'S OINTMENT

It has proved infallible in every case, from simple **Pimples** to obstinate **Eczema**; also **Itching Piles. 50 CTS.** per box.

Send for **"Hints for Kitchen and Sick-Room,"** a handy book for the household. **FREE.**

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All business promptly attended to. 17-12-1y

JOHN KLINE,
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Bellefonte, Pa.
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16-17-tf

J. G. LOVE,
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Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Hon. Judge Hoy. ja4'71-tf

Physicians and Dentists.

THOS. C. VAN TRIES, M. D.,
Has located permanently in Bellefonte. Office No. 15, North Spring St. 21 426m

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FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building High street Bellefonte, Pa.

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INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9-9-1y GEORGE L. POTTER.
(Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte.

TALMAGE'S NEW BOOK 400 Wonderful Pictures. Sales Immense. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory. Big pay. 30 Days Credit. No Capital Needed. Also send 9 Agents' Addresses and receive FREE TO YOU, Talmage's favorite Picture of Christ, in Oil Colors. Address, HISTORICAL PUB. CO. Phila. Pa.

RUPTURE

DR. J. A. SHERMAN begs to inform those whom it may concern that all patients will be furnished with his CELEBRATED RUPTURE TREATMENT during the months of May, June and July this year **at special rates,** at his principal office, 294 Broadway, New York. Safety and comfort is assured without restriction from exercise while under treatment for cure. Treatment can be had by corresponding. Send stamp for pamphlet.

E. W. SMITH & CO.,
MAP PUBLISHERS
—AND—
MANUFACTURERS,

Do all kinds of Map Work and keep on hand a full supply of Maps, Atlases, Drawing Paper, Map Cases, Spring Map Rollers, etc., etc.

Maps and plans engraved, printed, colored, and mounted.

WANTED—Every Bookkeeper, Business Man and Beginner to know that the Key to, and Exposition of Bookkeeping teaches at sight and aids bookkeepers and experts; post-paid to any address on receipt of one dollar.

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Save Yourself Money.—When you go to Pittsburg, Pa., stop at the Anchor Hotel, corner Liberty and Fourth streets. It is a strictly first-class Hotel conducted on the European plan. Lodgings, 25,—35, or 50 cents. a16-1y

HELP WANTED. Better than a Gold Mine No capital needed. No risk, but $10 to $15 a day profit. Teachers, students, ministers, bright men and ladies wanted in every town and county. No experience needed. Credit given if desired. Be early this time and secure first choice of exclusive territory on this brand new book.

Don't be an ostrich. Write and get full information and solid facts about

Footprints of the World's History

By William S. Bryan and John Clark Ridpath, the world celebrated historians.

The story of the Nations as told in the brilliant deeds and grand achievements of the world's heroes and heroines. A rich storehouse of history, travel, adventure, and the weird and wonderful events of the "times that tried men's souls." Thrilling stories of the days of chivalry, startling heroic achievements of warriors and crusaders. Also a vast collection of the rarest gems of English and American historical literature. The most wonderful new book of to-day, the great self-educator; just the book the people want. Over 350 grand historical illuminations. Half-tone steel engravings, and brilliant oil-colored plates. Everybody finds it a bonanza of success. It sells without asking. No capital, no risk. Straight business and big profits. Splendid illustrated circulars and full particulars sent free. Address,

WORLD PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

The Stepmother's Chair.

To those, who are contemplating connubial bliss,
A word of kind advice is offered—It is this:
Consider the step you're about to take,
And be sure you're wide awake,
For your happiness is now at stake;
Whether good or whether bad,
You are choosing your future fate:
Pause, then, ere it be too late,
And above all things beware! beware!
Of taking the stepmother's chair.

Joy may seem in store for you,
Pleasures too may seem in view,
But no happiness will you see,
After a stepmother you've come to be;
Though the future looks bright and fair,
Sorrow and trouble are lurking there,
Of this fact be well aware;
Happiness comes not from the stepmother's chair.

It is no trifling act to do,
But, indeed, a serious and sad affair.
To take the step that seats you
In the step mother's chair;
There is a mystic nymph called fate,
Who is ever at your hand,
And like a messenger from fairy land,
She is whispering, ere it be too late,
List to a warning voice.
Beware of your impending fate,
And, beware! beware!
Of the stepmothers chair.

AMICUS.

NITRO-GLYCERINE EXPLODES

A FATALITY VISITED LITTLE WASHINGTON YESTERDAY.

WASHINGTON, Pa, July 17.—A terrible explosion of nitro-glycerine occurred here at 8.30 o'clock this morning. A man was blown to atoms, two horses were killed, two houses wrecked and the town was fearfully shaken. S. J. Bigley, an oil well torpedo man of Mount Morris, came to this place last evening with the intention of loading his wogon with nitro-glycerine for the Mount Morris field. He obtained the deadly explosion at the Acme Torpedo company's storage house, east of the town and started for Greene county early this morning.

Driving along the edge of town, Bigley struck the pike and had gone but a short distance from the city line, when without the slightest warning all the glycerine in the wagon, supposed to be about two hundred pounds, exploded with awful force. Bigley was blown to atoms, the mangled bodies of the horses were hurled a hundred yards from the scene of the accident; and practically nothing was left remaining of the wagon.

At the time of the explosion Bigley was driving in front of the house of Lee Minton and Wark Hughes, Sr., and the force of the explosion was so great that the walls of both houses were literally driven in, totally wrecking them. The entire town was shaken by the awful explosion and for a time the greatest excitement prevailed, One of the peculiar features of the explosion is that, although there were a number of people in the vicinity at the time, they all escaped with slight injuries.

The fragments found of Bigley's body would not weigh five pounds. He was a married man, 40 years of age. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by the glycerine cans leaking. Bigley shot well on his own responsibility and was not an employe of the Acme Torpedo company.

Further investigation shows that a large number of windows were broken, and several other houses more or less damaged, among them the residence of Mr. E. D. Crumrine. The Hughes house, which was wrecked, was a brick structure. Mrs. Hughes and her grandchild were injured by the falling debris, but they are not seriously hurt. A rumor that there were two men on the wagon at the time of the explosion caused considerable excitement, but it has been proved that such was not the case. The total loss by the explosion is estimated at $12,000.

A SUIT FOR MILLIONS.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Ernest Dale Owen of Chicago claims big damages in a suit begun to-day in the United States court against John T. Boyd, the Nevada bank of San Francisco, John O. Saeinberger and L. Osborne. The plaintiff asks $2,300,000 for trespass.

Mr. Owen is trustee of the estate of heirs of Jose Ygnacio Rouquilla who was once a rich Mexican grandee. Roupuilla secured from the Government a large grant of land in Bresidio county, Tex. on which land, it is claimed, the defendants, who are all citizens of San Francisco settled a large force of men and mined silver ore to the value of $1,000,000. This occurred June 26, 1989, and it is alleged that previous to that date and from the year 1882 the defendants took another $1,000,000 worth of ore and 50,000 cord of wood valued at $150,000. Since the alleged trespass occured the plaintiff acquired a trusteeship of the property from the heirs of Don Rouquillo with leave to bring suit to recover.

The defendants claim to hold title by purchase and dispute the claim of the plaintiff.

Nina Van Zandt Married.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Miss Nina Van Zandt and Stefeno Malatto were married to-night at the residence of the bride's parents. Justice Lyon preformed the ceremony. After the wedding refreshments were served. The bride was attired in a white satin decollette dress after the Italian style of the thirteenth century, with diamonds and pearl ornaments, white kid gloves, golden slippers and veil of tulle.

The twain left on a late train for New York to take a steamer to Liverpool, Saturday, going thence to Palermo, the former home of the groom. The Italian consul was present at the ceremony, and about half a dozen other friends of the contracting parties. The couple expect ultimately to make their home in Chicago.

Mrs. Malatto was the so-called "proxy bride" of Anarchist August Spies. Mr. Maletto is an Italian newspaper man. Linguistic studies were what brought the pair together, the intimacy resulting in to-night's wedding.

The Paupers in the United States.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The census office to-day issued a bulletin on the subject of paupers in almshouses in 1890, which showed a total of 73,045 as against 66,203 in 1880. These are divided according to sex and color as follows: Number of males, white, 37,387; number of males, colored, 3,113. In the number of colored persons given above are included 16 male and 20 female Indians and 12 male and 1 female Chinese. The ratio of almshouse paupers to the total population was 1 to 775. The present ratio is 1 to 857.

The postmaster general to-day issued advertisements of mail letting under postal aid bill, passed by the last congress. It invites propositions from steamship company's for carrying American mail to foreign countries, in vessels of American build, of best construction and of highest speed in their respective classes, over routes minutely described. The advertisement is the product of three months of conference at the department.

CHINESE OUTRAGES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. July—17.—The steamship Delgile arrived to-day from Paria and Japan. The Shanghai Mercury of June 8th announces the murder of an English customs house officer, A. W. Greenland, and Mr. Argent, a member of the Methodist mission, by Chinese rioters, at Wuhalap. A number of houses were burned during the riot. The ladies of the mission were taken aboard the steamer Tersing, while the bodies of the murdered men were taken aboard the steamer Talos. It appears that Argent was knocked down on the street by a rock from a boy's hand and a mob fell upon him, hammering his head with large slabs. Greenland was reported to have had his throat cut by a mob.

It is still thought that the Canton woman in the latter's household was murdered by an assassin after he killed off a number with the sword. The reports from other quarters show that the destruction to property continues.

More Pauper Statistics.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The decline in ratio of paupers to population as shown by the census bulletin just issued is due to the very much smaller number of paupers cared for in almshouse in the North Atlantic district, where there has been not only a relative but an absolute decrease in the number. In respect to the nativity not including the colored paupers, who may all be suppose to be native except the thirteen Chinese, of the 66,578 white paupers, 36,656 are native born. 27,649 foreign born and the place of birth of 2,274 is unknown. Among the nnmber of paupers in almshouse report in the States are the following, New York, 10,711; Pennsylvania, 8, 653; Ohio, 7,400; Illinois, 5,395; West Virginia, 739 Virginia. 2, 193, Maryland, 1,599.

Waller was Ousted.

HARRISBURG, July 16—In an opinion handed down to-day by Judge Simonton, in the case of the commonwealth against D. J. Waller, jr., superintendent of public instruction, the court enters judgment of outster in favor of the commonwealth against Dr. Waller. Judge Simonton, in the opinion, says the questions involved mainly depend on the proper construction and meaning of section 8, article 4, of the constitution relative to the power of the governor to fill vacancies that happen in offices to which he may appoint during the recess of the senate.

Went Over the Falls and Drowned.

YORK, Pa, July 15.—Jacob S. and Charles King, of York, and Charles Thackera, of Philadelphia, were fishing in the Susquehanna river at York Haven this morning. They ventured too near the falls and their boat was carried over, capsizing and throwing the young men out. Thackera was caught by rescuers before going far and hauled ashore unconscious. Charles King lodged on the rocks and was rescued by a fisherman, but Jacob King went to the bottom and was carried away by the current. His body has not yet been found.

Return to Journalism.

ATLANTA, Ga., July, 17.—Rev. Sam Small, the evangelist, has decided to return to journalism. He came to Atlanta two days ago and was cordially received by his old friends, who pressed him to resume his citizenship here. A fund was at once raised for the establishment of a daily evening paper, to be called the Atlanta Evening Herald, of which Mr. Small has accepted the managing editorship. The first issue will appear to-morrow. The paper will take advanced ground on all public questions.

McCamant Makes a Denial

HARRIBURG, July 16.—When Auditor General McCamant was seen this morning relative to the statement that he had shared with Philadelphia's defaulting treasurer's, Bardsley, rebates on account of state advertising, he denied with emphasis that he ever received any money. He stated further that he did not want to say anything about men who are dead, evidently meaning Captain Graeffen, a former clerk in the department.

Two Gushing Effusions.

TO LEE.

A MAD AVOWAL.

Dear Lee,
When you see
The Evergreen tree,
You will know
That my heart
Will be ever so—
For thee,
Dear Lee.

TO LEE

A SONNET.

Oh Lee!
Thou art bright and pure,
As birds at seas or in a tree;
Thou art gay and wild, as any child,
But, in thy heart, I trust thou art
Meek and mild.
Oh, Lee! forget me not.

MANY LIVES WERE LOST.

THE TERIBLE RESULTS OF A SUDDEN STORM.

ST. PAUL, July 16.—A West Superior, Wis., special to the Pioneer Press says:

A wind storm of terrific violence swept over Superior to-day, carrying death and destruction in its path. The wind was accompanied by a pouring rain and the air was heavily charged with electricity. The storm lasted only about thirty minutes, but during that period many thousands of dollars of damage was done, beside the taking of five lives and the visiting of terrible injuries upon many persons. During the progress of the storm an alarm of fire was turned in from the Fifth ward and the department responded to find the new large three-story frame hotel on Third St., near Lombert avenue a mass of ruins. The structure had blown down and a cry went up from 100 excited individuals that the wreck was the tomb of many men. The news flashed over the city with rapidity. Hacks and drays containing their loads flew to the scene of disaster.

Meantime the rain was falling in torrents and the lightning was crashing like artillery. The building is a complete wreck. In spite of the pouring rain visitors at the scene rushed in and assisted the firemen in the cause of rescue. Men in all profesions and walks of life stood shoulder to shoulder and helped with thought of humanity. The work is still in progress by men taking the places of those who gave up from thorough fatigue. Fully 3,000 people were at the ruins at a late hour to-night. The dead are:

John Lauer, married, aged 36.
Charles Lucas, single, aged 24.
Herman Paussep, single aged 26.
Unknown man, aged about 36.

John Scofield died from injuries received in the back and broken limbs. Among the more seriously injured are John Brown, broken legs; John Long, internal injuries; it is thought he will die; W. M. Semple, Dick Clarke and others more or less seriously injured. The assistant chief of the fire department sustained a broken leg during the work of rescue.

Will Hurry Up the Pension Claims.

CHICAGO, July 16—A local news bureau quotes Pension Commissioner Raum as talking in this wise to the local Pensions Agent at Chicago: "Affairs have been going altogether too slowly in the Pension Department," he is put down as saying, "and I am going to hurry through and dump 300,000 original cases upon the various pension agencies of the country before the year is out. There is no sense in letting these cases hang on, and I see no reason why, with the big force of clerks at my command, we should not dispose of these cases at once. Then, when they are disposed of, I can get rid of a lot of those clerks I have there. Perhaps we can do the work with half the force after we dispose of the original cases."

General Raum was quite enthusiastic over his new scheme and said he had already given orders in accordance with his plan.

A Peculiar Experience.

A young lady, whose parents reside near Lamar, in Nittany Valley, had a rather singular experience last night as a somnambulist. The young lady, whose name it is unnecessary to mention, has been working for some time at the house of a neighbor, nearly half a mile from her father's residence. Last night she went to bed as usual and this morning when she awoke she was in her father's mow. She had arisen in her sleep, walked to her father's barn, climbed up into the hay mow and laid herself down there and slept until morning. When she awoke she was greatly surprised, but had no recollection of anything that happened after she went to bed in the evening.

A Novel Law Suit.

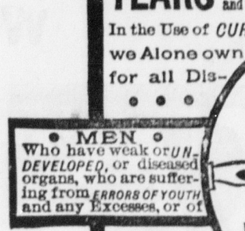
Samuel Bossard has brought a suit against the school directors of Stroudsburg, Pa., that is something new in litigation. He taught school one term at Stroudsburg, and then the directors declined to hire him for another term. He was a soldier in the rebellion, and the suit is brought under the act of 1887, which provides that the preference shall be given to soldiers in all public departments of the state, of course all qualifications being equal. No amount of damage is specified. This case is attracting attention among the legal fraternity, it being the first suit brought in the county under the act, and possibly the first case it the state.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

YEARS OF VARIED and SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE
In the Use of CURATIVE METHODS, that we Alone own and Control, for all Diseases, orders of

MEN Who have weak or UNDEVELOPED, or diseased organs, who are suffering from ERRORS OF YOUTH and any Excesses, or of



MEN Who are NERVOUS and IMPOTENT, the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of friends and companions, leads us to

guarantee to all patients, if they can POSSIBLY BE RESTORED, our Exclusive method and appliances will afford a CURE! There is, then,

REAL HOPE FOR YOU AND YOURS.

Don't brood over your condition, nor give up in despair! Thousands of the Worst Cases have yielded to our HOME TREATMENT, as set forth in our WONDERFUL BOOK, which we send sealed, post paid, FREE, for a limited time. GET IT TO-DAY. Remember, no one else has the methods, appliances and experience that we employ, and we claim the MONOPOLY OF UNIFORM SUCCESS. ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

2,000 References. Name this paper when you write

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We have wagons, buggies, surreys. High grade; as light, strong, durable, stylish, as beautifully finished as modernized manufacture can produce. Built on honor by men of life experience. Honesty is our policy; prompt shipment our specialty. We want to know you. Write us. Costs you nothing. May lead to business by and by. Send for our catalogue. It is free to every reader of this paper. Binghamton Wagon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

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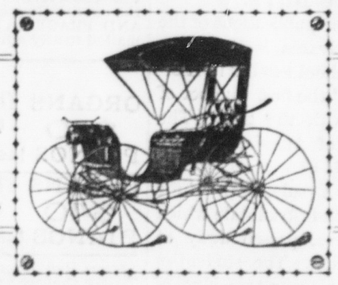

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As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derang the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used exept on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Haill's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally and act directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. In buying Haill's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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TRADE MARK.

Ern Stein's tokay wines have a wide European reputation as fine, agreeable Wines of delightful bouquet, ripe and rich color and as appetizing and strengthening wines; they are peculiarly suitable for luncheon wines for ladies, and for medicinal use. AGENTS WANTED Write for our sample case containing one dozen full pint bottles of 4 different grades of Klein's Tokay wines, Price $10.

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WHITE'S KIDNEY AND BACKACHE PLASTER INSTANT RELIEF FOR 25¢

There is nothing will do a person up so quick as a weak back. Women are the greatest sufferers from this trouble. You don't need a doctor to tell you that you have a weak back. When your back is weak it aches and aches without any let up, and a side ache is just about as bad or worse. Any lady who suffers from weak back or side should get one of our plasters. We could fill pages of testimonials from ladies all over the land who have found comfort and permanent relief from the use of our plaster, but be sure you get the genuine Every good thing is imitated. See that the shape is same as above, and made by the Rochester Drug Co., Rochester, N. Y. You will avoid disappointment. All druggists sell. eod

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24 and 26 Vandewater St.,
P. O. Box 3643. New York.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Good weather for fishing.

—Oats harvest will soon be here.

—The fly family is unusually large this year.

—Red raspberries still continue high in price.

—The Williamsport G. A. R. encampment is ended

—This weather is according to Hicks' predictions.

—The burglars still continue fooling around in Bellefonte.

—The best kind of drink to take in hot weather—a cool one.

—This is the time of the pastors' vacation and the devil's harvest.

—The days may be hot but the nights are cool enough for sleeping.

—And now Centre Hall puts forth a claim for the new state asylum.

—Some of the Bellefonte merchants say that trade is picking up a little.

—Newspapers that are all the time throwing stones invariably live in glass houses,

—The East Tyrone correspondent of the *Herald* says a couple of Bellefonte chippies are masquerading in town.

—The poem published in to-days paper is from the pen of a Bellefonte maiden, It is worthy a careful perusal.

—The court house yard looks dirtier now than it has for years. Why don't the proper authorities keep it in better shape.

—The fly is a quaint humorist. He can tickle a man in more places at once than Josh Billings and Bob Burdette combined.

—Doctors, remember the days of green corn, green apples, green peaches and green cucumbers are here, and take courage.

—General Beaver will paint his East Lamb street house a straw color with wine trimmings, and it is believed the effect will be simply intoxicating.

— If the seller wants to reach the buyer he must advertise in papers that are read The DAILY NEWS is read more closely than any other paper in the county.

—Huntingdon county has another Associate Judge to elect this fall and the citizen of that county have set out to make the campaign a license or no license one.

—That enterprising young merchant, Mr. Edwin F. Garman, recently left at this office a very handsome calender of the Pope manufacturing company. It is ornamental as well as useful.

—This week's *Centre Democrat* continues its warfare against the apparently exhorbitant price paid for arc light in Bellefonte. There is not the least doubt but that more light should be brought out of the darkness.

—There are three essentials to modern business success: character, intelligence and advertising. Success may come with one of these essential missing, but it cannot be permanently assured without the three.

—People who will keep dogs that dash out at passing teams should remember that in case of damage being done they may be held liable in the courts, as nobody has a right to do anything that jeopardizes life or limb.

—Street commissioner Thomas Shughensy says that when James Schofield returns from Ireland he is going over, and then when he comes back Mr. William Jones will make a trip to the Old Dominion. How is it, Mr. Jones?

—Mr. Harry Yeager, of the Brockerhoff House, returned on Friday evening from the fishing camp below Howard. He had with him four fine large bass. Mr. Yeager reported the fish quite plenty and large and the catch fairly good.

—The enterprising newspaper correspondent has failed in his attempt to convince Mr Blaine that he was sick enough to die, and now he is circulating the report that he has taken to chewing spruce gum in order to keep his mind clear.

—A professional cook says the proper way to prepare string beans for cooking is to break or cut them bias, ruffle with butter, pepper and salt and tuck them under boiling water until they are tender when you can dress them for the table and they will prove a most savory dish.

—Mayor Stuart's investigating committee have completed their investigations of Bardsley's accounts and the same was published in Thursday's Philadelphia papers. The report was very lengthy, filling about a page, set in solid nonpareil. They make Bardsley a defaulter to the tune of about one million.

—Elsewhere in this paper will be found two "gushing effusions" ascribed "To Lee." They were written by two separate and distinct and evidently lovesick maidens, who have taken this means to lay bare the one secret of their too-loving hearts. Oh, Lee! Lee! Your heart must be made of adamant if you can resist such soul-stirring appeals.

—The engineer on the Snow Shoe railroad seems to have quite a hankering after wild animals and snakes. Recently he brought to Bellefonte a live woodchuck, and on Friday evening when he brought his train to town he had in his possession a live rattlesnake about three feet long. He took the reptile out of its box and left it run in the street in front of the Bush House to the amusement of a large crowd. Finally he re-captured it by taking hold of it with his fingers and put it back in the box.

Uncle Sam's Fish Display.

THE WORLD'S FAIR WILL HAVE GREATEST AQUARIUM EVER CONSTRUCTED.

The fish exhibit at the World's Columbian Exhibition is to be a wonderful one, and not the least interesting portion of it, naturally, will be the Aquarial of Live Fish display. This will be contained in a circular building 135 feet in diameter, standing near one extremity of the main Fisheries building, and in a great curved corridor connecting the two

In the centre of the circular building will be a rotunda sixty feet in diameter in the middle of which will be a basin or pool about twenty-six feet wide from which will arise a towering mass of rocks covered with moss and linchens. From clefts and crevices in the rocks crystal streams of water will gush and drop to the masses of reeds, rushes, and ornamental semi-aquatic plants in the basin below. In this pool gorgeous gold fishes, golden ides, golden tench, and other fishes will disport. From the rotunda one side of the larger series of aquaria may be viewed. These will be ten in number and will have a capacity of seven thousand to twenty-seven thousand gallons of water.

Passing out of the rotunda by the entrances a great corridor or gallery is reached where on one hand can be viewed the opposite sides of the series of great tanks and on the other a line of tanks somewhat smaller, ranging from 750 to 1,500 gallons each in capacity. The corridor or gallery is about fifteen feet wide. The entire length of the glass fronts of the aquaria will be about 575 feet or over 3,000 square feet of surface. They will make a panorama never before seen in any exhibition, and will rival the great permanent aquariums of the world not only in size but in all other respects.

The total water capacity of the aquaria, exclusive of reservoirs, will be 18,725 cubic feet, or 140,000 gallons, this will weigh 1,192,425 pounds, or almost 600 tons. Of this amount about 40,000 gallons will be devoted to the marine exhibit. In the entire salt water circulation, including reservoirs, there will be about 80,000 gallons. The pumping and distributing plant for the marine aquaria will be constructed of vulcanite. The pumps will be in duplicate and will each have a capacity of 3,000 gallons per hour. The supply of sea water will be secured by evaporating the necessary quantity at the Woods Hall station of the United States Fish Commission to about one-fifth its bulk, thus reducing both quantity and weight for transportation about 80 per cent. The fresh water required to restore it to its proper density will be supplied from Lake Michigan. In transporting the marine fishes to Chicago from the coast there will also be an addition of probably 3,000 gallons of pure sea water to the supply on each trip.

Juniata Valley Camp Meeting.

These grounds are situated at Newton Hamilton, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, eighty-four miles west of Harrisburg, Pa., in a beautiful grove of thirty-six acres. There is an abundant supply of good water, some of which contains medicinal properties. Railroad, Express and Telegraph offices close at hand. Post Office, Book Store and Daily Papers on the ground, making this one of the most desirable, profitable, and enjoyable Camp Meeting Grounds in Pennsylvania. The grounds will be open for occupancy on Thursday, July 30, 1891, and all who wish to occupy their tents can do so.

Persons applying for tents must make applications to the Secretary, at Newton Hamilton, and forward with application $1 on each tent desired, the balance to be paid on or before the fourth day of Camp.

Any improvements desired to be made by tenters, to tents, must be ordered to be done through the Superintendent, so as to be finished before the commencement of Camp.

Price of Tent: $7 for the first floor, $5 for second floor, or $9 together, when occupied by the same family.

Sudden Death.

Mr. Oscar Duck died at his home near Penn Cave, in Gregg township, on Tuesday morning of this week, of inflamation of the bowels, contracted but a few days previous to his death. He had driven up to Centre Hall on Friday evening for a binder, which he had purchased and had taken it home and was engaged in setting it up, when he was taken suddenly ill with cramp which developed into inflammation of the bowels. His age was about 32 years. He leaves a wife and several small children to mourn his death. The funeral took place Thursday morning, Rev. Fischer, of the Lutheran church, of which Mr. Duck was a member, officiating.

All Over the world.

The democrats have nominated James C. Campbell for Governor of Ohio.

France has decided that the American hog shall be admitted in that province.

Owing to a new scale recently presented to the employees of the Steelton works at Harrisburg a strike is daily expected.

The St. Clair dam above Johnstown has been pronounced unsafe and an effort will be made to have it condemned.

Senator Mylin very emphatically gives the republican leaders to understand that he won't be side-tracked in his race for the auditor generalship.

Charley a Voter if Alive.

The Seventeenth anniversary of the abduction of Charley Ross occurred on the 30th ult. Even to this day the stricken parents receive letters from police officials and cranks declaring that they have clews which are worth running out. Mr. Ross, however, has long since given up all hope. If alive, the boy will be able to vote this year.

Bellefonte Strictly In It.

According to the latest revised slang phrase Bellefonte is "strictly in it" in everything that goes to the make up of a first-class lively business town and there is no reason under the new arc lights why every resident of this beautiful borough should not have plenty of work, lots of money, live, laugh and grow fat,

To begin with we have two ex-governors, a hundred other ex's, three or four generals, a company of colonels, a regiment of captains, an army of first-rate lawyers—no second-rate ones here; a host of merchants who have no superiors in the state outside the large cities, a number of good newspapers, a grand public school system, an excellent academy, a number one opera house, sportsmen galore, the usual number of base ball enthusiasts, an extraordinarily large supply of cranks, a jail and a lockup, two uniformed policemen, a well organized volunteer fire department, three or four railroads, a whole lot of other roads, two big furnaces, a number of other smaller but none the less important industries, some of the richest men in Central Pennsylvania and none of the poorest, the handsomest ladies and prettiest girls in the world—we have no homely ones; a court house ring, a good town council, no limit to rents and taxes, good fishing and lots of hunting—for money; and to cap the climax and crown the summit of our Mount Washington greatness there is now a good prospect of having two bands. Verily, this is a town of greatness and great people.

All that is needed is less corporation and more co-operation; less holding back and more push; less fear and more courage; more work and especially more money; another railroad and more industries, with all these that are here run on full time; the new State Insane Asylum and another governor. All these have been promised us and it only now remains to take them. Will the people of Bellefonte—the influential money possessors—size up to the occasion and take advantage of the opportunity before it is too late? Will the door be opened to allow fortune to come in or will the same be double barred so that even with a twenty-pound sledge hammer prosperity could not force an entrance? Don't hesitate, don't speculate, don't sit idly by but be up and a doing. Let every man who can pull a pound or a hundred put his hand to the cart and pull for the lives of those you love, for the happiness of the present and the prosperity of the future generations. Now, see that you do it.

The Beech Creek Extension.

DuBois Courier:

Monday the party of civil engineers who surveyed the route for an extension of the Beech Creek road from Clearfield to Franklin, under the directions of Chief Engineer Hamilton, took dinner at the Cammercial and drove away towards Clearfield in the evening. The party is going over portions of the route between this place and Clearfield, no doubt to make revisions in the survey or to make it more complete in some particulars. One thing is certain, they are still working on the extension of the Beech Creek as diligently as when about here many months ago. They could be seen actively engaged then, but since they have been giving their time to office work and were out of sight and faith in the ultimate consummation of the project has flagged with the people living along the line who were the least sanguine. The prospects have not changed and the *Courier* expects to have some more interesting information at a time not far distant.

The Water Tax Appeal.

The board of Water Commissioners has completed its work of laying the water tax and the duplicate has been placed in the hands of collector S. D. Ray who is now sending out notices of the appeal which will be held on Friday evening, July 24th. The assessment this year was made on a different basis from that of last year and, it might be added, is more just and equitable. The tax of the laboring man is not near so heavy as it was last, while that of large property owners, or persons who live in large houses and use considerable water, has been raised proportionately. Although the tax laid this year is about one thousand dollars more than last year, yet we do not think there will be near the number of persons to attend the coming appeal. In justice to the persons composing the board of watter commissioners it must be said that they done well in making the assessment this year.

—An Ohio man has invinted a milking machine. The machine is attached to the udder of the cow, and the operator, sitting calmly at a safe distance out of the reach of the cow's heels, can drain all the milk into a tin pail in one-fifth of the time ordinarily required to milk a cow in accordance with the prevailing methods. It is probable it will lead to the abolition of the milk wagon as the milkman by the aid of this machine, can simply drive his cows around to the customers' doors and tap the fluid as wanted. It has been suggested says the Reading *Herald*, that for picnic purpose a refrigerating apparatus be attached, so that the cow may give ice cream which, being from the udder, there will be no opportunity for developing the tyrotoxicon, which has proven so deadly to picnic ice cream heretofore.

—These moonlight evenings are grand.

Rheumatism
—IS—
PROMPTLY CURED BY
St. Jacobs Oil.
Cures Also:
Neuralgia,
Lumbago,
Sciatica,
Sprains,
Bruises,
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Wounds,
Swellings,
Soreness,
Frost-bites,
Stiffness,
All Aches.
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Baltimore, Md.

ONE POUND
PEOPLES
HORSE AND CATTLE
POWDERS
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CONTAINS NO POISON
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Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.
Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Kidd Cound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the*
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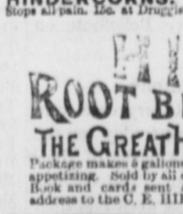
To every reader of this paper who suffers from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility or Consumption, a free bottle of that most wonderful medicine, **Floraplexion,** which is the only absolute and permanent cure for the above named diseases. I can afford to do this because I know that nine out of every ten persons who try it will be so well satisfied with the results they will take pleasure in speaking about its marvelous curative virtues to all their friends and acquaintances. The value of this sort of advertising to me is worth many times the cost of the medicine given away, so I am well compensated for the seeming large expense.
I have over 70,000 letters on file from people who have been cured of one or more of the complaints above named. Write to-day stating your disease and receive a free bottle by return mail, or ask your druggist for it and get well. Address,
PROF. HART, 88 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.
-1y

Tutt's Pills
To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative. To be permanent, it must contain
Tonic, Alterative and Cathartic Properties.
Tutt's Pills possess these qualities in an eminent degree, and
Speedily Restore
to the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.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SPECIAL DISEASES,
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For REFERENCES see Wed. and Sat. Philadelphia Times.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
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Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.
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Package makes 5 gallons. Delicious, sparkling and appetizing. Sold by all dealers. A beautiful Picture Book and cards sent FREE to any one sending address to the C. E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

I have made a year in being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N. Y., at work he or she, leader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay MADE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

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The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.
This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated diseases. Don't Wait! Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use
Sulphur Bitters!
Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur Bitters is
The Invalid's Friend.
The young, the aged and infirm should use them. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds.
Don't wait until to-morrow,
Try a Bottle To-day!
Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.
Don't Wait!
High-colored?
Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

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VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — ALCOHOL
PURELY — DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL
VINEGAR BITTERS
GRANDEST - MODERN - DISCOVER
Triumph of Pharmacy
The only true practical
ELIXIR OF LIFE AND HEALTH.
is one that promotes digestion, improves the appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and stimulates brain and nerves without *injurious reaction*, and one that may be taken alike by a child or infant. Profane compounds, made of vile rum or bad whiskey, sweetened and flavored, under the titles of bitters, tonics, &c, produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken
Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nervine without being narcotic, a purifier without poison, a liver tonic without purging, and above all a life-giving stimulus without alcohol. The only medicine with such *powers in the world.*
A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE,
far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic it might be called
LIQUID LIFE,
since it stimulates, invigorates and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion respiration, and all the functions whereby life is maintained—we literally take in *vitality in spontus.*
It is too much to assert that *the equal of Vinegar Bitters does not exist,* and no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known
CALIFORNIA,
if remarkable for nothing else, would be immortalized by the production of the medicinal fruits roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. Many of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of chills and fevers rheumatism, catarrh consumption, neuralgia headaches, liver complaint, kidney diseases, jaundice, gout, piles, boils, skin diseases, &c, &c., too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present
PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE.
Millions of suffe rers have gratefully and gladly endorsed during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this
PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD
In order to meet every probable demand two formulas of the same ingredients are now put up.
THE OLD STYLE IS STRONGER, SLIGHTLY BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.
THE NEW STYLE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
REMEMBER,
There is no *disease* of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which
VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE,
and its singular power over the lower organisms renders it the implacable foe of
THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA
in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, intermittent fevers, &c., and so great is its power as a germicide that it is an
UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE.
A book could be written of its virtues, and an array of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves, to realize its use in a majority of the ills that flesh is heir to and that no family should ever be without a bottle of
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When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.
I have made the disease of
FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,
A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address
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REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 14, 1890.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
			WESTWARD	
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 19	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 22	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 34	4 35
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	37	4 40
Howard	14.6	5 07	9 48	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 56	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.6	5 25	10 12	5 16
BELLEFONTE	24.2	5 35	10 25	5 20
Milesburg	25.5	5 45	10 50	50
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 [illegible]	56
Unionville	8.5	5 56	10 [illegible]	6 1
Julian	32.9	6 05	10 59	5 [illegible]
Martha	37.1	6 16	11 09	5 [illegible]
Port Matilda	40.4	6 23	11 17	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 [illegible]	6 12
Fowler—f	47.0	6 30	11 29	6 15
Dix—f	46.3	6 35	11 37	6 18
Bald Eagle	49.5	6 40	11 43	6 21
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 47	6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 53	6 28
TYRONE	54.8	6 55	12 00	6 40
			EASTWARD	
STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P.M.
TYRONE		8 10	4 10	7 15
East Tyrone	1.8	8 17	4 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	4 20	7 28
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	4 24	7 33
Dix—f	8.0	8 30	4 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9.8	8 32	4 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	4 37	7 46
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	4 44	7 55
Martha	17.3	8 51	4 52	8 06
Julian	21.4	8 59	5 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	5 16	8 [illegible]
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	5 18	8 [illegible]
Milesburg	29.8	9 22	4 20	8 [illegible]
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 [illegible]
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 00
Curtin	34.4	9 01	4 47	9
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 06	4 55	9
Howard	39.8	10 14	5 02	
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 30	5 10	
Beech Creek	48.6	10 38	5 16	9 45
Mill Hall	51.3	10 50	5 24	10 01
Flemington	52.5	10 54	5 27	10 08
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward Dis.			Stations	Dis.	Eastward	
P.M	A.M				A.M	P.M
5 05	9 51		SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21	5.8	Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 27
5 37	10 28	8.7	Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 15
5 44	10 34	10.6	Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50	10 46	12.3	Marengo f	13.3	8 44	4 03
5 57	10 52	13.5	Loveville f	12.1	8 37	3 55
6 04	10 58	15.2	Furnace Rd. f	10.4	8 31	3 45
6 08	11 02	15.8	Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18	11 10	18.2	Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 [illegible]
6 28	11 20	20.5	Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 [illegible]
6 40	11 32	23.5	Stover	2.1	7 59	3 1
6 50	11 40	25.6	TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.1[illegible] a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890

Dis.	Westward			Eastward		
		a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.
.0	5.50	2.15	MONTANDON	5.20	9.20	5.45
1.5	6.15	2.25	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.10	5.25
1.5	6.15	2.25	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.10	5.25
5.4	6.30	2.35	Biehl f		9.00	5.24
6.8	6.35	2.40	Vicksburg f		8.55	5.19
10.7	6.45	2.50	MIFFLINBURG		8.42	5.10
13.1	6.52	2.57	Barber f		8.36	5.0
15.2	6.58	3.03	Swengle f		8.30	4.5
16.1	7.00	3.05	Millmont		8.27	4.5
18.6	7.08	3.14	LAURELTON		8.17	4.46
23.5	7.19	3.25	Pardee f		8.06	4.35
28.9	7.33	3.38	Cherry Run f		7.53	4.22
32.2	7.43	3.48	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.43	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54	Ingleby f		7.39	4.07
34.5	7.53	4.00	Coburn		7.30	4.00
39.6	8.01	4.08	Zerby f		7.21	3.52
43.4	8.10	4.17	Rising Springs		7.12	3.43
46.2	8.18	4.25	Penn's Cave f		7.05	3.35
49.2	8.24	4.30	CENTRE HALL		6.58	3.28
51.6	8.32	4.37	Gregg f		6.51	3.23
54.6	8.37	4.43	Linden Hall		6.43	3.16
56.7	8.42	4.48	OAK HALL		6.38	3.13
58.3	8.46	4.52	LEMONT		6.34	
60.2	8.51	4.57	Dale Summit f		6.29	
63.9	9.00	5.06	Pleasant Gap f		6.19	
65.2	9.04	5.10	Axeman f		6.14	
67.4	9.10	5.15	BELLEFONTE		6.10	2.45

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 7, 1889, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
No.6	No.2	Dis.	STATIONS	Dis.	No.1	No.3
P.M	A.M				A.M	P.M
6 24	9 10	18.	Ar. BELLEFONTE Lv	0.	6 00	3 00
6 13	9 08	17.	Scales	1.	6 07	3 09
6 08	8 59	16	Morris	2.	6 11	3 13.
6 03	8 54	15	Whitmer	4.	6 16	3 [illegible]
5 59	8 51		Linn		6 19	3 25
5 57	8 48	12.5	Hunters	5.5	6 22	3 26
5 53	8 44	11.2	Filmore	6.8	9 26	3 30
5 47	8 40	9.5	Briarly	8.5	6 32	3 36
5 43	8 36	8.	Waddles	10.	6 38	3 45
	8 33		Matterns			3 45
	8 25		Stormstown			3 52
	8 19		Red Bank			3 59
5 39	8 49	6.9	Scotia Crossing	11.1	6 46	4 09
5 24	7 25	2.	Krumride	16.	7 00	4 [illegible]
5 20	7 20	0.	LYCOMING COLLEGE Ar	18.	7 04	4 [illegible]

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Train 2 connects with Trains east and west E V R R and S S Branch.
Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th 1893.

			WESTWARD	
ERIE MAIL	leaves	Philadelphia	daily	11 25 p m
"	"	Harrisburg	"	3 30 a m
"	"	Williamsport	"	7 10 a m
"	"	Jersey Shore	"	7 32 a m
"	"	Lock Haven	"	7 47 a m
"	"	Renovo	"	8 50 a m
"	arrives	Erie	"	3 40 p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves	Phil's	week days	8 50 a m
"	"	Harrisburg	"	12 15 p m
"	arrives at	Williamsport	"	3 05 p m
"	"	Lock Haven	"	4 10 p m
"	"	Renovo	"	5 15 p m
"	"	Kane	"	9 15 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at				5 20 p m
FAST LINE	leaves	Philada.	week days	11 40 a m
"	"	Harrisburg	"	3 45 p m
"	"	Williamsport	"	7 10 p m
"	arrives at	Lock Haven	"	02 p m
"	"	Renovo	"	00 p m
NEWS EXP.	leaves	Philadelphia		0 a m
"	"	Harrisburg		10 a m
"	"	Williamsport		12 10 a m
"	arrives at	Lock Haven		12 10 p m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves	Philadelphia		4 5 p m
"	"	Harrisburg		7 0 p m
"	arrive	Williamsport		10 p m
			EASTWARD	
Sea Shore EXP.	leaves	L. Haven		7 0 m
"	"	Jersey Shore		5 a m
"	"	Williamsport		10 a m
"	arrives at	Harrisburg		11 [illegible] m
"	"	Philadelphia		15 p m
DAY EXP.	leaves	Kane	week days	7 15 a m
"	"	Renovo		10 55 a m
"	"	Lock Haven		11 55 a m
"	"	Williamsport		12 50 [illegible]
"	arrives at	Harrisburg		4 00 p m
"	"	Philadelphia		7 50 p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves	Erie	daily	3 25 p m
"	"	Renovo		10 55 p m
"	"	Lock Haven		11 25 p m
"	"	Williamsport		12 25 a m
"	arrives at	Harrisburg		5 22 a m
"	"	Philadelphia		6 50 a m
RENOVO ACM	leaves	Renovo	w. d.	4 30 p m
"	arrives at	Harrisburg		9 45 p m
"	"	Philadelphia		4 25 a m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves	Williamsport		2 42 a m
"	"	arrives at	Harrisburg	5 30 a m
"	"	arrive		7 00 a m
"	"	arrives at	Philadelphia	0 20 m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with B. R. & P. R. W. & N. W.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, General Agent

Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

CHAS. L. GATES, - - LESSEE
Editor and Business Manager.

Local Department.

—Blackberries are ripening.

—Another railroad accident.

—Green apple pie is now no novelty.

—How does the weather suit you, anyway?

—These nights are almost cold enough for frost.

—One week yet until the M. E. Sunday school picnic.

—These are the nicest dog days the writer ever saw.

—It looks as though there might be rain again soon.

—Peaches are now quoted at fifty and seventy-five cents per basket.

—Huckleberries are not as plenty as was at first believed they would be.

—The second brigade, N. G. P. will go into camp on the 8th of August.

—It is said the nail works will resume operations next Monday morning.

—J. Fearon Mann is having a new fence erected along the one side of his lawn.

—Apples sold in Bellefonte on Monday at 40 cents per bushel, potatoes at 60 cents.

—An interesting letter from Florida will be published to-morrow. Watch for it.

—Mr. Isaac Haupt has apples that he will sell from 5 cents per peck up to 25 cents.

—A "tally-ho" coaching party composed entirely of ladies are out picnicing to-day.

—On Monday Mr. James H. Reed, of Millheim, committed suicide by drowning himself.

—Prof. D. M. Wolf will open a select school in Spring Mills on Monday, July 27th to continue six weeks.

—There were more farmers in Bellefonte on Saturday than there have been any day since the fourth of July.

—Elsewhere in this issue we publish a letter from Mr. James Schofield, who is now in Belfast, Ireland.

—We acknowledge receipt from Geo. D. Blair & Co., of Tyrone, Pa., of a handsome catalogue of blooded horsestock.

—W. H. Fisher, the photographer, departs for Houtzdale this evening where he will take pictures for the next thirty days.

—We are very glad that we have not been compelled to go out front and shovel snow off the pavement this hot weather.

—John L. Given, formerly of Bellefonte but now city editor on the Altoona *Times* contributes short stories to several periodicals.

—Next Sunday will be Mr. Robert Speer's last Sunday in Bellefonte. All who have not yet heard him should attend church next Sunday.

—The electric light company are busily engaged putting up the poles and stringing the wires on Linn street for the extension of the arc light up that thoroughfare.

—Hon. Leonard Rhone, Mortimer white head and Colonel R. H. Thomas are booked to make speeches at a granger's picnic at Warriorsmark on Saturday, July 25th.

—To-morrow evening is the evening for the water tax appeal, and from what we hear there seems not the least doubt but that there will be quite a number attend.

—Wasn't Saturday afternoon's rain a drencher? For a while it rained fast, then it rained faster, then it poured, then came down by the barrel and then the whole sky full fell and that settled it.

—A company is soon to be organized in Lock Haven to build an electric railway to Mill Hall, a distance of 8 miles. Now why can't a company be organized in Bellefonte to build an electric railway to Milesburg?

—There is more concentrated independence and non-accommodation, amounting almost to meanness, connected with the running of the freight depot in this place, than could be scared up in any other four offices in Bellefonte.

—A couple men drove a team of horses from Lewistown to Bellefonte on Saturday afternoon in five hours, a distance of 30 miles, When they arrived in this place the horses were almost dead. The men should have been arrested.

—On Monday the Philadelpeia *Times* devoted four columns to publishing a canard as a burlesque on Editor McWade, of the *Public Ledger*. Now the readers of that paper are tossing up pennies to ascertain which of the two the bigger fool may be.

—To-day Dr. Curwen, of the commission appointed by the state to select a suitable site for the erection of the new state insane asylum, is in Bellefonte and, under the escort of a good committee, is being shown the most advantageous locations in this community.

—A Centre county farmer said this morning that the potato crop in this county would be larger this year than it has been for twenty years. He said that he had one acre in potatoes, and that he has already sold $30 worth of the tubers and one can hardly see that he has dug any of them. The yield is unusually prolific.

Another Horrible Accident.

ONE MAN KILLED AND TWO SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Another railroad accident on the Bald Eagle. The engine of the early morning train run over a cow, was thrown from the track and the engineer, Frank Wood, killed and the fireman and the express agent from Lock Haven, who was on the engine, seriously injured.

The wreck occurred a mile below Howard, just at the curve below the Howard rolling mills. The train was the early morning train known as No. 51, which leaves Lock Haven at 4.05 and arrives in Bellefonte at 4.65. Its time in Howard is 4.30. The new schedule which went into effect on Monday shortened the time for that train and makes it necessary to run fast. This morning the train was coming at the usual rate of speed and on rounding the short curve just below Howard rolling mills the engineer saw a cow lying down in the middle of the track. It was then impossible to stop the train and when the engine struck the animal it was thrown from the track and overturned in the ditch, where it now lies with the wheels in the air. The tender followed the engine and the front car left the track but not the road bed. The engineer was found pinned fast under the tender. He was removed and apparently did not seem hurt as no cuts or bruises were found on his person. But he evidently was injured internally as he died at six o,clock.

The fireman, whose name was Spiker, and the Lock Haven express agent, John Waite were removed from the wreck and conveyed to the hotel at Howard. Spiker's injuries are not considered fatal as he is able to walk around. The extent of Waite's injuries is not definitely known, they are serious but it is hoped not fatal.

Frank Woods, the dead engineer, was a son of road supervisor, Daniel Woods, of Tyrone. He was a widower with one child and aged about 25 years. The body was taken to Tyrone.

When the news reached Bellefonte the work train was at once ordered out and sent down to clear the track and shifting engine, in charge of Daniel Lebkicker ,sent to take the delayed train to Tyrone. A delay of about seven hours was caused, the track not being cleared when the 9.32 reached that point.

Photographer J. A. Finkbinder went down to take a picture of the wreck.

A number of Bellefonters were on the wrecked train and it is said if it had gone one rod further all the cars would have been ditched.

Among those who worked valiantly at the wreck were A. Parrish, a P. & E. conductor Mayer M Swabb, of Frank H. Flerr & Co., importers, of Philadelphia, and G. L. Thayer, of Penn Yan Wine Co., N. Y.

To Niagara Falls July 28th.

A round trip ticket $5.50, a special train through to Niagara Falls, return tickets valid on all regular trains if used on or before August 6th, and good to visit Buffalo, Rochester and Watkins Glen, are some of the attractive features connected with the "Beech Creek Special" July 28th.

The train will leave Clearfield at 5.40 A. M., and run on the schedule time of the regular Eastbound morning train to Jersey Shore, stopping at all stations having passengers. At stations where there is no agent, tickets will be sold on the train. No stop for passengers will be made after leaving Jersey Shore Northbound,

Forty-five minutes will be taken at Corning, N. Y., where dinner will be served by first-class hotels near the station.

The special train and all arrangements will be under the direct charge of a competent excursion manager, and the comfort of the entire party will be carefully looked after.

It is estimated that at least ten coaches will be required to comfortably seat all the people who will take advantage of this cheap but finely appointed trip. The three hour steamboat ride over the beautiful Seneca lake from Geneva to Watkins should not be over-looked. Watkins Glen can then be explored upward in going to the passenger station which is located at the top of the Glen.

At Niagara Falls. ample accomodations will be afforded by fourteen hotels, with capacity of 1800, at rates ranging from $1.50 to $4.00 per day.

The round trip fare of $5,50 applies from all stations on the Beech Creek road.

Full information relative to trains going and returning is contained in a "Beech Creek Special" pamphlet which can be obtained from nearest ticket agent, or by sending your address on a postal card to Gen'l Passenger Agent, Beech Creek R. R. Jersey Shore, Pa.

How Can We DO It?

We have been asked that question a hundred times by people who bought our goods which they were used to paying double the money for elsewhere. Well, the reason is, we buy close and sell at a very low margin for cash, else we would not be able to sell 7 cakes of soap for 25 cts., 3 cans of corn 25 cts., 3 cans of beans 25 cts., 3 cans of peas 25 cts., 3 cans of tomatoes 25 cts., 2 large boxes of blue 5 cts., sugars, teas, coffees at the very lowest prices. We also carry a full line of groceries and dry goods which we sell in accordance with above rates. If you want any children's caps it will pay you to call and see us before buying elsewhere as we have made a large reduction on same. We deliver all goods if requested

We remain respectfully yours,
M. NOLAN & BRO.

Matters at Wingate.

Mr. Editor: May I ask you for a little of your time and space, not for myself but for the benefit of others, some whom may consider themselves slighted by not being notice in public; while others anxious to hear from their friends might think they were kept in ignorance, by my not writing. Allow me to say first, that on the 20th December A. D. 1890, I resigned the pastorate of the Centre County Circuit of Messiah's Church of which I took charge October 1st A, D. 1871, having served its interests interim with unswerving fidelity and that what I have done in a clecria l capacity since my resignation in which the public might be iuterested may be briefly stated as follows, viz -

That on the 9th day of January A. D. 1891, I conducted the funeral services of George E., infant son of Elmer and Lucy Reside, of Boggs township; on the 25th of the same month I preached a deferred funeral sermon in behalf of the late John G. Curtin from the same township; and that, on the 30th of the same month I conducted the funeral of Mrs. Lettie Myers from the same place; while following in close succession I conducted the funerals of Leah Barbara, infant daughter of Carlton Lucas and wife, on lower Marsh Creek, and that of Elmer Elsworth, infant son of Jacob and Eva Lucas, of Union township. And also that added to the above I united in matrimony the following named persons, on the respective dates mentioned—namely:

On December 30th A. D. 1890: F. J. Watson, of Snow Shoe, and Laura A. Burd, of Boggs township.

On February 18th A. D. 1891: James Gummo, of Boggs township, and Emma Lose, of Pine Grove.

On March 22d A. D. 1891: Charles S. Hinton, and Lona Lucas both of Union township.

On April 9th A. D. 1891: Miles P. Heaton, of Boggs township, and Arvilla Stine, of Spring township.

On July 4th A. D. 1891: Theo. H. Hoffman, of Milesburg, and Effa Quick, of Boggs township.

On July 16th A. D. 1891: Martin R. Brower, of Marion township, and Anna M. Lucas, of Boggs township.

I might add that while the friends of the former share our heartfelt sympathies in their bereavement; the latter have our hearty congratulations in their new relations in life.

Very truly yours,
J. ZEIGLER.

Don't Trade Horses.

Don't trade horses is advice that all should follow. When a man wants to trade horses right bad yon can just mark it down that there is something wrong with his animal. Then, if you trade, and get cheated, there is always a good chance for trouble ahead. The next thing on the programme, if you can't steal your horse back yourself, is a trip to a lawyer, a writ of replevin and a job for the sheriff. Sheriff Ishler since he has been in office has served a large number of writs to recover horses and in most every case was successful in recovering the animal. His latest job was last Friday night, when he recovered a horse for a Mr. Stahl, of Mt. Eagle, who had traded with a Bellefonte man, and of course got the worst of the bargain. The sheriff was out until near midnight but he finally captured the man and animal, recovering the latter, at the toll gate between this place and Milesburg. So it is easy to be seen that the best policy is not to trade at all.

—On Saturday afternoon there wast a glowing exhibition of the human hog, from Tyrone, in town. We don't know where he got his whiskey but am satisfied it was of the doubleloaded, kill-at-forty-rods kind from the condition in which it had put the gentleman(?) from the upper end of Bald Eagle. After the streets of Bellefonte had grown too narrow for him he sought the seclusion of the shady side of the P. R. R. depot and there, doubtless under the impression that the building was falling down, he made a pillar of himself for a half hour or so. By this time he was past all knowledge of anything and was soon stretched out at full length on the cold, cold ground with only the flies and ants to keep him company. The revolting spectacle he made of himself should be enough to cure the greatest drunkard of modern times.

Change of Time.

As stated in the DAILY NEWS on Saturday a change of time went into effect on the Pennsylvania railroad and branches this Monday morning. The only trains running into Bellefonte which change will effect are the Lewisburg early train, which leaves Bellefonte at 6.20 instead of 6.10, as heretofore, and in the evening will arrive at 5.10 instead of at 5.15, as heretofore; and the morning train over the Bald Eagle, which now leaves Lock Haven 35 minutes earlier arriving in Bellefonte at 4.55 instead of 5.30 as heretofore. This change is made in order to make connection with Fast Line in Tyrone at 6.20. All other trains run into and leave Bellefonte on old schedule time.

Taking Testimony.

The attorneys in the Cleary case were taking testimony again yesterday on the part of the defence in the matter of their application for a new trail. The defence will have another day next week and then the prosecution will begin taking evidence Mrs. Paul, widow of the murdered policeman, was present yesterday with her interesting little son.—L. H. *Express.*

—Pears were sold in Bellefonte on Saturday at one dollar per bushel.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

NOT AN IMPORTANT SESSION BUT THE WATER TAX QUESTION FULLY DISCUSSED.

Council convened with seven members present. Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

James I. McClure, overseer of the poor, was present to ask how much of a balance was due him on account of broken stone. As the street commissioner had not yet made a report of the amount of stone used Mr. McClure could be given no definite answer.

Mr. Snyder was present to enter protest against the closing of alley in rear of Logan street. As the question of its closing was not before council his protest was laid on the table to be taken up at any time in the future when the location of the alley might be brought before council.

All the committees had no reports of any account to make, and the entry was simply one of progress.

In the matter of the taking up and fining of Blanchard's cows the committee appointed to investigate reported a balance of $2 over and above expenses which amount it was voted to refund to Mr. Blanchard.

Mr. Potter reported that Friday, July 24th, was the date fixed for the holding of the water tax appeal. In regard to the laying of the tax, the commissioners reported that they had laid the same on what is known as the room system, that is so much per room. By this way some taxes were lowered and others raised.

The mill rate of taxes for the succeeding year was made the same as last—10 for interest, 2 for borough and 3 for street purposes.

President Potter made an explanation regarding the iron fence purchased by the county commissioners for around the big spring. It had been reported that the fence in question was not the property of the county but belonged to the borough, having been paid for by subscription of the citizens. This, however, was found to be a mistake; as it is on record that it was purchased and paid for by the county authorities and the first price thereof was $1287.

As a representative of the Board of Water commissioners Mr. Isaac Mitchell made a statement regarding the laying of water tax. He said that the tax this year had been laid on the basis of 80 cents per room in the house. Although this was considered a just way of laying the tax the commissioners do not consider the system by any means a perfect one. And they would suggest to the council the advisability of sending someone, who understood the system in vogue here and the difficulties that have arisen in the past from an apparent unequal and unjust assessment, to Altoona and Danville, at both of which places the tax is assessed on the room system, to inquire into and find out the basis of their calculation. This suggestion was made with a view to establishing a just system of water taxation and then to make the same a permanent fixture by the passing of an ordinance. By this way every renter will know just what water tax he will have to pay when he examines a house; and every property owner will at all times know just what his tax will be.

In Danville there is an assessment on the real estate of 12 mills water tax and then an assessment on the room system. For instance: Take a property valued at $5,000. A twelve mill tax thereon would be $60. If the house contained ten rooms, at an additional 80 cent per room assessment, it would make $8 additional, or a total of $68 on the property. Of course, it would not be necessary to lay such a large millage as the above in Bellefonte, but that is the basis of the proposed assessment.

As a suitable man to send to these places to investigate their systems, Mr. Charles Smith was suggested. The council will hold the matter under consideration until the next meeting night when it is likely some action will be taken. After the approval of the usual number of the bills council adjourned.

The Select Seashore Excursion.

Thursday, July 23d, is the date of the next tour to Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, or Ocean City, and the rate is the same for each.

The excursion tickets good for ten days are to be sold at a rate of $10.00 from Pittsburg, and at corresponding low rates from other stations.

A special train of Parlor Cars and Day Coaches will leave Pittsburg at 8.50 A, M, for Philadelphia, stopping at all imporant junction points, where connections will be made with trains from branch lines. Passengers will spend the night in Philadelphia and proceed to the seashore by regular trains of the next day.

Tickets will be sold from stations named below, and train scedule will be as follows:—

	Rate.	Train leaves
Aloona	8 00	12.55 P. M.
Hollidaysburg	8 00	11.10 A. M.
Bellwood	8 00	1.06 P. M.
Clearfield	8 90	9.40 A. M.
Philipsburg	8 35	10.32 "
Osceola	8 25	10.45 "
Bellefonte	8 65	10.25 "
Tyrone	7 65	1.18 P. M.
Cumberland	8.50	8.15 A. M.
Bedford	8 50	9.40 "
Huntingdon	7 10	1.48 P. M.
Mt. Union	6 75	2,08 "
McVeytown	6 50	2.28 "
Lewistown Je	6 00	2.45 "
Mifflin	5 65	3.05 "
Newport	5 00	3.36 "
Duncannon	4 60	3.52 "
Philadelphia	Ar.	7.16 "

Just at this season of the year a holiday as prescribed by this tour is beneficial beyond estimate.

Personal Pencilings.

Mrs. Charles Tripple spent Tuesday in Tyrone.

General Hastings came home on Tuesday evening.

Rev W. W. Cadle, of Snow Shoe, is visiting friends in Tyrone.

Misses Kate Green and Lizzie Shortlidge are visiting friends in Tyrone.

Mr. Charles Cruse spent a few hours with friends in Tyrone on Wednesday.

Mr. William Gray, of Stormstown, transacted business in Bellefonte on Friday.

President George W. Atherton, of the State College, spent last Friday and Saturday in Dubois.

Mrs. Ellen Logan, of Renovo, accompanied by Miss Mary Heverly are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Rev. and Mrs. Ed. Everett Hoshour and child have gone to Gettysburg to spend their months' vacation.

Mr. Wesley Calvert recently visited at the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Cowdrick, on East Linn street.

Miss Chaney, of Huntingdon, arrived in Bellefonte on Saturday and will visit at the home of Mr. Linn McGinley.

Miss Schoff, who has been visiting her brother, Mr. George Schoff, of the Bush House, departed on Saturday for her home in New York.

We are glad to see that since his return home Dr. E. W. Hale has so much improved that he is able to be out and walk about the streets.

Among those who alighted from the 5.20 p. m. train on Saturday was Mr. G. F. Smith, of Williamsport, who came home to spend Sunday with his parents. Come again, George; we are always glad to see you.

Mr. and Mrs John G. Love returned on Saturday evening from Clifton Springs, N. Y., where Mrs Love has been sojourning for some time for the benefit of her health. Mrs. Love is now much improved and her complete recovery is only a mtter of time.

Snow Shoe's most enterprising merchant Mr. T. B. Buddinger, spent all of Saturday in Bellefonte transacting business and talking to his friends. Mr. Budinger said he could see an improvement in business in Bellefonte—most cheering news, as it certainly has been dull long enough.

Misses Mame Gould and "Sib" Beck, two of Lock Haven's vivacious young ladies, after tarrying in Bellefonte for several days departed on Saturday evening for Altoona and points further west. While the two young ladies were here they were the cause of more than one masculine heart beating a lively tattoo.

Mr. A. W. Houser, of this place, departed on the 10.30 train this morning for Chicago, Ill. He goes there to engage in work on the World's Fair buildings to be erected there. Mr. Houser is an honest and industrious young man and a good workmen, and he will be greatly missed by his hosts of friends in Centre county.

On Saturday afternoon deputy recorder, W. J. Dukeman, and family departed on the 4.30 train for Mountain Eagle, where the family will rusticate and enjoy themselves for a week or so at the home of Mrs. Dukeman's parents. While Mrs. will enjoy herself with father and mother. Will will be wandering up and down the banks of the raging Bald Eagle fishing for bass.

Mrs. C. N. Childs, of Philipsburg, Montana, is the guest of Mrs John Trafford, on Howard street Mrs. Childs was formerly a resident of Bellefonte but she has not been here for now about four years. Mrs. Childs traveled the entire distance from Montana to Pennsylvania, a distance of near three thousand miles, all alone. She will probably remain in this part of the state a couple months.

General Hastings is a big man and, according to the newspaper correspondent, capable of being in two places at one time. On Friday night the General lectured in Dubois on his "Renimiscences of Johnstown" and a Saturday's city paper published a dispatch to that effect. While in another column, in a dispatch from Atlantic City, the General was chronicled as being in that city watching the sad sea wave.

—We have received from Rev. John Hewitt, of Lincoln, Neb,, a circular setting forth the fact that Lincoln is going to put forth a claim for the National Encampment of the G. A. R. for the year 1892. The circular states the many advantages of the western town and seis forth in glowing terms how royally the vets would be entertained if they will only go there. Lincoln undoubtedly presents a glittering offer and the G. A. R., at its next National Assembly, would do well to carefully consider the fact.

—Quite a large string of bass arrived in Bellefonte on Tuesday evening, part of the catch of the fishing party down Bald Eagle.

Death and History.

Last Saturday afternoon at twenty-five minutes after one o'clock, Mrs. James Judge departed this life, at her home on North Main street, of old age superinduced by dysentery.

Miss Mary Finnegan was born in Sligo county, Ireland, in 1816, and in February, 1841, was married to James Judge, who came to this country in 1849, settling at Bald Eagle and Birmingham and afterwards near what is now Tyrone. He left behind him his wife and three children who immigrated to this country in 1852 and joined the head of the family here, where they have since resided. The deceased is therefore in her seventy-fifth year.

She is survived by her aged husband and three sons, who are Michael, of this place, Dominick, of Bellefonte, and James, of Carson City, Nevada. Two children, John and Mary, have preceded her to the grave. The Tyrone correspondent to the Altoona Tribune gives the following interesting facts regarding the death of her son John;

"During the war, when Lee invaded Pennsylvania, all the machinery in the shops and other property in the offices of the Pennsylvania railroad at Altoona, together with the assets of the banks then of that place and adjoining towns, were shipped to Snow Shoe City, on the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe railroad, for safety. Upon a rumor of a probable attack from the rear, all the available force of the Tyrone division was called into requisition and sent to Snow Shoe. While on the way, between Julian Furnace and Unionville, the men, while experimenting with their muskets, her son John Judge was shot accidently in the right leg with a load of buckshot, and was taken to Bellefonte and from his home where he died from the effects of the wound some thirteen days thereafter. Road Supervisor Surse had charge of the company, with John Adair as lieutenant."

The funeral occured this morning at 9 o'clock.—Tyrone *Herald.*

300 Babies.

J. W. C. Floyd, a Lock Haven photographer, gave notice through the papers of that city that on a certain day he would take free of charge the pictures of all babies under two-and-a-half years old. Thursday was the day sei, and you can imagine the fun he would have when it is known that he took the pictures of 306 babies. Joe Furey, of the *Democrat*, says concerning the affair:

"There were big babies and little babies, fat babies and thin babies, long babies and short babies, round babies and flat babies, straight babies and crooked babies, smiling babies and crying babies, kicking babies and pinching babies, smart babies and dull babies, yellow babies and black babies; in short, there were babies of all sorts and sizes, colors and dispositions, and we hope to never see the back of our head if every mother there didn't think her own child was the prettiest and sweetest, and it just was, so it was, now there. We never saw anything like it."

A Trycicle That Beats the Wind.

Pittsburg Times.

There are those who claim that Mt. Pleasant has a man from whose brain and hand has come a machine that bids fair to revolutionize modern modes of travel. The inventor of whom this is expected is Frank Griffy, a modest East End man, who the other evening astonished a select few of his friends by showing them this peculiar constructed invention, which is built on principles somewhat similar to those of a trycicle. It has five sets of cog gearings so arranged as to be most conducive to great speed with but little exertion. A test of the machine was made the other day, when it showed a speed of about 40 miles an hour. Mr. Griffy, however, believes this rate can be greatly increased, while those of his friends who witnessed the trial hold that the invention will, in a great measure, supply the long felt want which a confiding public hoped the Mt. Carmel air ship might fill.

Fashions for Children.

We are all aware how pretty and attractive children's toilets can be, but the season when they are more than usually so is the summer. The need for wrapping up not being so imperative, taste and fancy can amuse and exercise themselves in devising all quaint garments, without the fear in the background that the health of the little wearer may suffer. Frocks may be cut low at the throat, even square for indoor wear, and sleeves may be wide loose or short. Then, as a rule, materials are prettier with their pale, delicate tints and soft fineness blending so well wtih trimmings of lace of fine embroidery. Mousselines delaine with small patterns figure largely in girl's frocks, and striped white brilliants are again in fashion. China silks and pongees made up along or in combination with some woolen fabric, form some of the prettiest frocks for festive occasions.—*London and Prais.*

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE